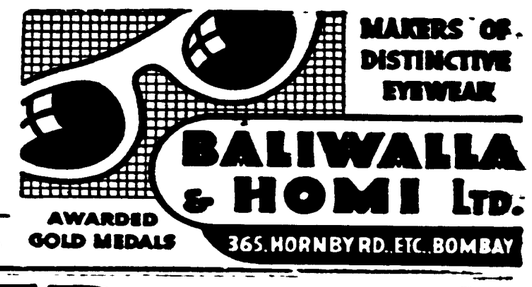
SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END RINGWORM AND EASY WAY
JUST APPLY POWELL'S KURAIN. THIS LOTION GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM RINGWORM, ECZEMA, DHOBIE'S ITCH & OTHER SKIN AFFLICTIONS. AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS
Powell's KURA-I-N
THE SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY



VOL. XXX VII NO. 223 BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER, 19, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

POUND-STERLING DEVALUED 30 P.C

Britain Bows To Pressure

DRASTIC CUT IN DOLLAR-VALUE

LONDON, September 18 (PTI/REUTER): SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced to the world tonight that Britain has devalued the pound-sterling from the rate of 4·03 dollars to the pound to 2.80 dollars.

The official price of gold will be adjusted accordingly and the International Monetary Fund has approved the new rates.

In an official announcement tonight, the British Government announced that all banks and the Stock Exchange would be closed tomorrow Monday.

This has been provided for by Royal proclamation which will be published in the London Gazette.

FOOD SUBSIDIES

The Government has already announced that it did not intend to increase food subsidies and the 4-1/20 loaf will go up to sixpence and flour correspondingly in about 14 days time, Sir Stafford said.

The experts expect that the immediate effect of the devaluation of the pound will be to make British goods more attractive in dollar markets while dollar goods will be more expensive for this country to buy.

The change does not concern the internal value of the currency prices in the shops will in most cases remain the same as the internal value of the pound has not altered. Nor has the value of savings altered.

OTHER NATIONS

Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, India and Ceylon are expected to follow Britain's devaluation example. Belgium, Switzerland and Italy will not change their existing dates of exchange to the dollar.

I. M. F. AGREES

The International Monetary Fund have been consulted and have given their approval to the new rate.

Tomorrow, Monday 19th September, banks and stock exchange will be closed. This has been provided for by Royal Proclamation which will be published in the London Gazette. Trustees Savings Banks and the Post Office Savings Bank will remain open.

IT WILL HOLD ON

The dollar rate of 2.80 to the pound instead of 4.03 as at present has been chosen as the most likely one to hold for an indefinite period.

The decision was made before Sir Stafford Cripps left for the United States.

This step, Sir Stafford, said is the most serious that the Government could possibly take, and we are taking it because our present sterling-dollar difficulties are, we believe insoluble.

Earlier in his broadcast, Sir Stafford said: Though we took the decision before the Foreign Secretary and I left for Washington I did not then announce it because, we wanted to tell our American and Canadian friends as well as our members of the Commonwealth and also because it takes a little time to arrange these matters.

I.M.F. Announcement

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—The International Monetary Fund announces changes in the par value of the British pound sterling, South African pound, Norwegian Kroner, Indian rupee and Danish Kroner.

French Stock Market To Close

PARIS, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): The French Stock Exchange will be closed tomorrow, and the Cabinet will meet to discuss, it is understood, financial measures arising out of the Washington dollar talks.

French Finance Minister M. Maurice Petsche telephoned from the United States, that he was leaving New York by air this afternoon for Paris, it was learned at the Finance Ministry late today.

High officials of the Ministry were meeting this afternoon, and an announcement was expected later tonight.

The communique, understood to deal with the currency situation, was expected immediately after tonight's broadcast by Sir Stafford Cripps, British Chancellor of the Exchequer.

2 ITALIAN AIRMEN ... MISSING ...

U. S. Coastguard Planes Searching

NEW YORK, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Two Italian airmen, Giovanni Brondello and Camillo Barioglio, attempting to fly the Atlantic in a single engined plane, were today more than 24 hours overdue at New York.

The search for their tiny plane, begun last night by United States army and coastguard planes was intensified.

The Italians, who were making the flight to raise funds for a 'Boys Town' for Italian war orphans, left the Azores on Friday morning on a 200-miles hop to New York.

According to a last message from the flyers on Friday evening, they were flying in a drizzle and gave their position as 140 miles north-east of New York.

All merchant shipping in the area have been alerted.

U.S. FREIGHTERS RUN K.M.T. BLOCKADE

HONG KONG, Sept. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Two large American freighters today ran the Chinese Nationalist blockade and entered the port of Shanghai, according to a usually Independent" and "Flying Clipper" both 6,700 tons. They are by far the largest ships to enter Shanghai since the blockade was imposed on June 21.

Later reports from Shanghai said the "Flying Independence" and the "Flying Clipper" were escorted to the south of the Yangtse by a destroyer of unidentified nationality.

These reports added that a nationalist plane hovered over Shanghai soon after the two ships had slipped into the port.

Brussels Talks

BRUSSELS, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Members of the Central Committee of the Indonesian Round Table Conference who arrived here on Friday from The Hague for weekend talks held another five-hour meeting today and then returned to The Hague.

Today's meeting was presided over by Mr. Johannes Van Maarseveen, Dutch Minister for Overseas Territories.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): South African Finance Minister, Mr. N. C. Havenga made it clear during the recent monetary talks in Washington that South Africa would remain firmly linked with the sterling area, it was learned here today.

RECEPTION IN HONOUR OF OUR AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE

A reception was recently held at the Indian Embassy, Paris, by the officers of the Embassy in honour of Sardar H. S. Malik on the eve of his assumption of office as Indian Ambassador to France. This group photograph was taken at the reception. (Left to right) Mr. K. V. Padmanabhan (First Secretary), Mr. M. P. Mathur (Commercial Secretary), Mr. P. M. Menon (Second Secretary), Sardar Malik, Mr. V. V. Bhide (Attache), and Dr. S. Chandra Information Officer).

India Will Follow Path Of Peace

Ready For Talks With Pakistan

NEHRU'S ASSURANCE

LUDHIANA, Sept. 18. (PTI).

INDIA is prepared to make a declaration that all the differences between India and Pakistan must be settled by negotiation and not by resort to arms", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru speaking at a public meeting here today.

Pandit Nehru said that sometimes he heard rumours that there would be war with Pakistan. "I read such rumours in Pakistan newspapers," he said, adding "I cannot understand how this suspicion can be removed from the minds of Pakistan people but you should not get panicky".

NO WAR

Pandit Nehru said: "You should continue your daily work peacefully. I think there will be no war with Pakistan. We will not fight unless we are forced to do so. We will fight only if Pakistan attacks us. Our policy is that we will try with complete determination not to see another big war in the world, because we think that if there is a big war, then the world will be destroyed."

Referring to United Nations, Pandit Nehru declared that India would not be a member of any bloc. He said: "We want to remain on friendly terms with everybody. That being so, how can we have a different policy with Pakistan? We fought with Pakistan only when we were asked by Kashmir to come to their help. You can rest assured that there will be no attack from our side but if Pakistan attacks us, then we will meet the attack with determination." (cheers).

INDIA'S ECONOMY SOUND

Reviewing the economic situation in the country, the Prime Minister said, that it was wrong to say that India's economic condition was unsatisfactory. Looking from a distance he formed the view that the economic condition of India was good. Unfortunately, a large number of schemes for the development of the country could not be put through as India had to concentrate on several serious problems soon after independence. Among them were shortage of food and rehabilitation of refugees.

Despite these difficulties, Pandit Nehru said, India had progressed. A foreigner had told him that India's resources were great. From the lofty Himalayan mountains were flowing many rivers.

"SEA UNDER DESERT"

And, some months ago, the foreigner found a "sea under the desert" in Rajputana. Pandit Nehru said "it means that we can irrigate that area and grow large quantity of food grains."

Pandit Nehru stressed on the necessity of producing more food grains and industrial production in order to save crores of rupees that India was sending out for imports. He said: "Our wealth is not gold and silver. It is production. Therefore, in order to make the country wealthy, we must increase production from land and industries.

The Prime Minister expressed his satisfaction that East Punjab was helping the country towards increased production.

Pandit Nehru began his speech saying that yesterday at Ferozepore he referred to the Kashmir problem. Today, he saw in the press a report attributed to him that India needed Kashmir for India's security and therefore, India could not compromise on the position she had taken up in this regard.

NOT FOR SECURITY

Pandit Nehru said: "I never said so nor am I prepared to say so. For we went to Kashmir not for our security, but we went there because Kashmir was being attacked and Kashmirees wanted us to save their land. We went to Kashmir with Kashmiree peoples' consent and with their consent we remained there. It is wrong to say that we went to Kashmir for our protection. If Kashmirees want to have relations with us, it is for them to say so. If they do not want us there, we will not go there."

A crowd of nearly three lakhs of people heard the Prime Minister's speech which lasted 45 minutes.

Earlier, Pandit Nehru visited the Jawahar Refugee Colony. Addressing the refugees, he said that it had been decided that all refugees except those who were very old must do some work. Therefore, the refugee camps were being changed to work centres. Pandit Nehru said that he was going out of the country to America for about four to five weeks and on his return. He wanted to see everybody settled down and doing good work for the development of the country.

Pandit Nehru also addressed Congress workers and received a deputation of industrialists who placed their demands for development of the industries before him. Pandit Nehru left Ludhiana for Ambala by plane at 6 p.m.

Stalin's Health "Magnificent"

LONDON, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter): Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Vyshinsky tonight told reporters before leaving London airport for New York that Marshal Josef Stalin's health was "magnificent".

M. Vyshinsky, on his way to attend the United Nations' General Assembly, declined to answer questions, but relented when one asked "How is Mr. Stalin's Health?"

UNCIP'S Reply To India Expected

SRINAGAR, Sept. 18 (PTI)—The United Nations Kashmir Commission which met again today to discuss India's memorandum clarifying her earlier reply to its arbitration proposal is expected to formulate its reply to the memorandum tonight.

While the Commission circles are reticent about its next move, informed quarters here affirm that the only course before it is to submit a detailed report on the Kashmir dispute to the Security Council.

PANCHAN LAMA FLEES, FEARING COMMUNISTS

No Permission To Enter Tibet

CANTON, Sept. 18. (PTI-Reuter).

THE Chinese Nationalist Government Commissioner for Tibetan and Mongolian Affairs, Dr. Kwan Chi-yu, said today that the 12 year old Panchan Lama was moving to a point near Kokonor Lake, Central China, to "avoid possible capture by Communist forces".

Kumbun Monastery on the outskirts of Sining (about 50 miles east of the lake), where the Panchan was recently inaugurated as leading Buddha with the sponsorship of the Chinese Nationalist Government, has been occupied by Communist General Peng Teh-Huai's troops.

Dr. Kwan said the Panchan Lama had appealed to nationalist Northwest China headquarters to help him enter Tibet.

Political leaders in Lhasa, Tibet, opposed the inauguration of the Panchan Lama last month, and they were expected to resist any attempt by the new Panchan Lama to enter the country.

Two grand Lamas are recognised in Tibet, the Panchan Lama, religious head of the Buddhist Church in Tibet and a great part of Mongolia, and the Dalai Lama (of Lhasa), said to be the reincarnation of Buddhist Saint, who heads the civil as well as the religious Government of Tibet.

RUPEE FOLLOWS SUIT

Devaluation After Consulting I.M.F.

BANKS CLOSED FOR THREE DAYS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19. (PTI): The Government of India propose, in consultation with the International Monetary Fund, to devalue the rupee to the same extent as the sterling, the Government of India announced today.

3 DAYS HOLIDAY

"A gazette extraordinary issued today by the Government of India declares Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th, 20th and 21st September 1949, as public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

This has been done following the United Kingdom's announcement regarding devaluation of the pound-sterling and is intended to obviate speculation and dislocation of the markets.

The Government propose, in consultation with the International Monetary Fund, to devalue the rupee to the same extent as sterling and the new rate will become effective before the expiry of the holidays.

The effect of the notification will be that Government Treasuries, banks, stock bullion and commodity exchange and other financial institutions will remain closed for business during these days. Post offices will also remain closed, but will transact business as on other holidays. Government offices will remain open.

PAKISTAN NOT READY

KARACHI, Sept. 19, (PTI-Reuter): The Pakistan Government are considering the position, which has arisen as a result of the devaluation of the pound, it was learnt here tonight.

Their decision regarding the change in rate of Pakistan rupee will be announced very shortly, it is further learnt.

The Pakistan Government have decided to declare Monday September 19 and Tuesday September 20 as bank holidays.

Banks and the Karachi Stock Exchange will be closed on these days but they will not be public holidays, states a Press 'communique' issued by the Secretariat, Government of Pakistan.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN JAIL

Warders Also Join

PATNA, Sept. 18. (PTI): Seven prisoners convicted in connection with the Bihar police strike have been on hunger strike in the Buxar Central Jail since September 15, according to a statement issued by Mr. Jagdish Narain Singh, Secretary of the Bihar Police and Jailmen's Association.

The statement said that warders of the jail had also fasted for 24 hours in sympathy with the hunger-strikers.

The cause of the hunger-strike was "forcible locking up of the prisoners concerned following a n internal trouble in the jail on September 14" the statement added.

MYSORE DEMAND

MYSORE, Sept. 18 (PTI)—The All Mysore State Congress Worker's Convention, meeting here today, adopted a resolution urging the immediate holding of elections and reconstitution of Congress Committees in Mysore.

A Day Without Cereals

POONA, Sept. 18 (PTI)—The Bombay Provincial Co-operative Council today adopted a resolution recommending to co-operators in the province to observe one "cerealless day" every fortnight.

The resolution suggested that all co-operators and their families should avoid consuming cereals in their meals on that day.

Principal D. G. Karve, who moved the resolution, said he was aware that such a step was not going to solve the food problem, but the observance of the day would make co-operators conscious of the gravity of the situation, and serve as a reminder of the tasks that lay ahead of them.

According to figures given at the Conference, the number of co-operaters in the province was about 19 lakhs.

EXPLOSION IN CAIRO

People Switch Off Lights In Panic

CAIRO, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Vivid flashes seen far and wide here tonight were followed by a series of loud explosions. First reports indicated that the explosion occurred at an army ammunition depot in Cairo's citadel area.

They created minor panic, people turning off lights and plunging the city's streets into semi-darkness.

Madras To Issue More Cloth Licences

MADRAS, Sept. 18, (PTI): The Madras Government propose to liberalise the issue of licences to dealers in yarn from October 1, according to an official spokesman.

This was being done to clear away the accumulated stocks of yarn in the mills, he said.

The Government propose to remove the distinction between the two separate categories of dealers in yarn namely the whole-saler and the retailer.

Indonesian Guerillas Surrender Demanded

BATAVIA, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): The Indonesian Republican regular army intends to demand the surrender of arms of all irregular Guerilla bands in West and Central Java, Republican Colonel Sadikin said today at a Jogjakarta press conference.

He said the republic wanted one army, not several.

24 HOUR MAN-HUNT FOR KOREAN CONVICTS

Escape From Jail

SEOUL, (South Korea), Sept. 18. (PTI-Reuter): Large squads of soldiers and police are carrying out a day and night man-hunt in the rugged hills surrounding Mokpo, 160 miles south of here, for convicts who made a mass gaol-break from Mokpo prison last Thursday, according to Minister of Justice Kwon Sung Ryul.

According to latest Government reports, 120 convicts were still at large, most of them "Communist guerillas" captured in riots in March this year.

Seven hundred of the gaol's 1,400 inmates, revolted during the late afternoon on Thursday, but only 358 escaped from the prison compound, the Minister of Justice said.

Forty-three prisoners were killed in fighting with the guards within the prison walls, while 172 of the 358 who escaped have since been killed, Mr. Kwon said.

An earlier report that 150 prisoners died in fighting in the prison was today said to be incorrect.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted ladies and gentlemen on Rs. 100 to sell and secure advertisements in spare hours for English Monthly Magazine "Marriage Gazette", 16 D Connaught Place, New Delhi. 1106

Business men requiring a trustee and Managing Agent with vast experience of managements and money of his own, partner or buyer or life partner with brotherly affections for their comforts and estability to their business and family or managing big estates of their own as a trustee on reasonable remunerations on deposit of enough securities, cash or states of the trustee, may meet and consult on every Saturdays between 3 to 5 p.m. to Mr. Jwala Prasad, Jwala Bank, Sohrab House First Floor, Hornby Road, Above Kemp Company, Phone No. 22853.

(5652)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—Visit S. Lord's Central Hotel, All Home Comforts. Phone. No. 28 Re-opens 1st October. 1157

SOCIAL

Make Friends on any subject through Punjab Literary Society, G.P.O. 1071, Bombay 1. Prospectus Free on request (Ladies enrolled Free) 1056

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce— Enrol immediately for special classes now started for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations. Education personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. 1156

Learn Homoeopathy by post and subscribe for "Homoeopathy and Comparative Medicine", the most popular Homoeopathic monthly in India. For details write to the Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (107A)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5015

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Motors and Ball-Bearings For Sale.—Electric Motors A. C. Three Face 50 Cycles 400-450 volts from 2 to 15 H. P. and Ball Bearings Genuine S. K. F. SA series from 1¼" to 3" and S. G. Series 1" and 1¼". Delivery Ex-Stock. Interested Parties may contact immediately Box No. 5670 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Dunlopillo— The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army and Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay; Good Housekeeping Co., Ltd. 38, Queen's Road, Bombay; Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 and 286, Hornby Road, Bombay and The Art Flooring and Construction Co., 16, Sleater Road, Bombay. 5047

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width. Lovely for curtains. Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1.

(6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION, Delhi, invites applications for the post of Principal Government Lady Noyce School for the Deaf & Dumb, New Delhi. The Post is permanent but the incumbent will be temporary for one year in the first instance.

GRADE OF PAY:—350-25-500-30-590 plus usual allowances admissible to Government servants.

AGE:—Maximum 35 years. Can be relaxed in case of exceptionally experienced and highly qualified candidates.

ELIGIBILITY:—Women are eligible.

QUALIFICATIONS:—

(1) Degree from a recognised University and

(2) degree or Dilopama from an Indian or Foreign institution providing training in education of Deaf and Dumb.

Applications stating age, experience in teaching and administration, contribution in Literary and organisational works in this specific field, should reach the Director of Education, Delhi Province, Delhi by the 30th September, 1949.

5739

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 31-10-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for THREE PERMANENT AND PENSIONABLE POSTS OF MEDICAL OFFICERS IN CHARGE MOBILE HOSPITAL UNITS. PAY:- Rs. 220-650 PLUS Rs. 50|- compensatory allowance for loss of private practice and dearness allowance admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay in suitable cases. Private practice of any kind not allowed. QUALIFICATIONS.— (i) M.B.B.S. degree OR M.C.P.S. diploma of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay, granted after 30-4-1944 OR any other qualification specified in the first or second schedule of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933. AGE:- Not more than 40 years on 1-1-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.

5789

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 20-10-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of CHAIRMAN, SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION BOARD, POONA. PAY:- Rs. 1500-1600. AGE:- Not less than 30 and not more than 50 years on 1-1-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS:- (a) At least a second class M.A. of a statutory university or an equivalent degree, and (b) wide administrative experience with ability to organise and run a large office. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.

5788

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 31-10-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Bombay Province and from non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan for the post of SENIOR BIO-CHEMIST, DEPARTMENT OF BIO-CHEMISTRY, HAFFKINE INSTITUTE, BOMBAY. PAY:- Rs. 300-650 PLUS dearness allowance if admissible. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS.— (a) M. Sc. degree in Bio-Chemistry OR Organic Chemistry OR a degree in Medicine WITH a degree in Chemistry of recognised university, (b) Post-graduate training in Biochemistry or Physiological Chemistry for not less than three years and (c) research experience in the same subjects for not less than three years. AGE:— Not less than 35 years on 1-1-1950 relaxable in suitable cases. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.

5786

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 31-10-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-muslims from Pakistan for the post of PROFESSOR OF DENTISTRY AND DENTAL SURGERY, Sir C.E.M. Dental College and Hospital, Bombay. PAY:- Rs. 700-1100 PLUS dearness allowance as admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay admissible. No private practice allowed and no compensation in lieu thereof will be given. AGE:- Not more than 45 years on 1-1-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. No age limit for Bombay Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:- (a) Either a degree or a diploma in dentistry granted by the University of Bombay, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay, and Nair Hospital Dental Board, Bombay, or an equivalent qualification of a recognised institution in India, or (b) the degrees or diplomas of the foreign institutions mentioned in the Commission's notification regarding the post-copy supplied on request. Experience in teaching dentistry necessary. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|-, payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay No. 1" who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.

5787

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
SOUTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME.

SEPARATE SEALED QUOTATIONS are invited in B-2 form (Item rate) from contractors and firms who have carried out similar types of works for the following works in connection with the Steam Power Station at Utran near Surat and will be received in The Office of The undersigned upto 3-0 P. M. (S.T.) on 4/10/1949.

They will be opened publicly at 11-0 A. M. on 5/10/1949. in presence of those contractors who desire to be present.

S. No.	Name of work.	Estimated cost.	Security deposit.
1.	(Sewage disposal) Laying main sewer and branches including constructing man holes sump well and septic tank.	89,256|-	5%
2.	(Water supply) construction of percolation wells in river bed, jack wells, and pump House.	1,70,625/-	5%

No earnest money is required to be paid. A solvency certificate or a bank reference should however be attached to the quotations.

Detailed plans, specifications and conditions of contract can be seen in this office on any working day from 11-0 A. M. to 4-0 P.M. on week days and 11-0 A.M. to 1-0 P. M. on Saturdays.

Quotations should be on prescribed form which along with copies of the plans, specifications etc. can be obtained from this office upto 29|9|1949 on payment of Rs. 5 per set for each work.

Government reserve the right to reject any or all the quotations without assigning any reason and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest quotation.

K. P. BATTIWALA.
Executive Engineer (Civil),
for Electrical Commissioner
with the Government of Bombay.
(5794)

Electric Grid Offices,
Foreshore Road, Bombay 1.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Directorate General of Industries & Supplies. Office of the Director of Supplies, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIRECTOR of Supplies, Bombay, invites Tender No. BOM/T-2/3373 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on 28th September, 1949 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5/- (Rupees Five only) (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No., full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Items.	Description of stores.	Quantity.
1 to 6	Maiyang or poon wood planks of sizes.	1073.1 cft.
7, 8.	Sal or country wood planks of sizes	714.5 cft.
9 to 13.	Jungle wood planks of sizes.	741.3 cft.

(The above timber is required for Railway floor boards Engine and Tender foot plate floor boards and Fitter's Bench top and sides.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of this Department or the late Department of Supply, must give their Banker's reference on applications for Tender Forms. Tender Forms will not be issued to firms already blacklisted.

5795

THE BARSI SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS LTD.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTFIED that the Forty-second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on Thursday, the 6th October, 1949 at 3-00. p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1/2, Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 1948.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the year 1949 and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
P. V. JOSHI
Chairman.

Bombay, Dated. 1st September, 1949.

N.B. — The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from THURSDAY, the 29th September, 1949 to FRIDAY the 14th October, 1949 both days inclusive.

The Dividend when declared will be made payable on and after Monday the 7th November, 1949. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 29th day of September 1949.

(5785)

G. I. P. RLY—TENDER
KALYAN POWER STATION

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. is prepared to receive sealed tenders by registered post upto 3 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday, October 25, 1949 for the erection only of about Seventeen hundred tons of heavy structual steelwork with corrugated roof and side sheeting and glazed steel window frames for the Kalyan Power House Extensions. Copies of tender forms, conditions of contract and specifications and drawings can be obtained from the Traction Superintendent, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay on payment of Rs. 10/- per set which amount will not be refunded.

(5799)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 45602 in respect of ten Ordinary Shares Nos. 478791 to 478800 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Moosajee Mahmood Mintv has been lost, misled or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1, within fifteen days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

MOOSAJEE MAHMOOD MINTV.

Dated 16th September, 1949.

(5791)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

SEPARATE APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 15-10-1949, preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the undermentioned posts in the Civil Supplies Department:—

(1) TWO DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF CIVIL SUPPLIES (ACCOUNTS).
(2) TWO ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF CIVIL SUPPLIES (ACCOUNTS).

Women are not eligible for the posts. PAY:—For posts (1):—Rs. 800-1200 plus dearness allowance if admissible. Special terms offered to serving or retired Accountants or Audit Officers. Higher starting pay up to Rs. 1,000/- admissible in suitable cases. FOR POSTS (2):—Rs. 400-600 plus dearness allowance if admissible under the rules. Compensatory local and house rent allowances admissible. Special terms offered to serving or retired Accountants or Audit Officers. Higher starting pay up to Rs. 500/- admissible in suitable cases. AGE ON 1-10-1949. For posts (1) and (2):—Not more than 50 years. In the case of retired officers not more than 58 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—For posts (1).—Candidates should either hold or have held posts equivalent to Deputy Accountant-General or Deputy Controllers of Military Accounts in Civil, Railway or Military Accounts or Audit Offices OR should be Incorporated or Chartered Accountants or Registered Accountants, with at least 15 years' previous experience in responsible Accounts position in Semi-Government Offices or firms of Chartered Accountants or in well-established business firms. FOR POSTS (2).—Candidates should either hold or have held posts equivalent to Assistant Accountants or Audit Officers in Civil, Railway or Military Accounts or Audit Offices OR should be Incorporated or Chartered Accountants or Registered Accountants, with at least 12 years' previous experience in responsible accounts position in Semi-Government Offices or firms of Chartered Accountants or in well-established business firms. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form of application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

5796

G. I. P. RLY.-TENDER
FOUNDATION WORK FOR EXTENSION TO KALYAN POWER HOUSE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., is prepared to receive sealed tenders by registered post upto 3 p.m. on Tuesday October 18, 1949 for excavation in moorum and rock and construction of reinforced concrete foundations for the extension to Kalyan Power House. Copies of tender forms, conditions of tender, drawings and other documents can be had from the Traction Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay on payment of Rs. 10/- per set which amount will not be refunded.

5798

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following permanent and pensionable posts in the Department of Industries, Bombay. The appointments to these posts will be on an officiating basis in the first instance.

1. ASSISTANTS— Grade Rs. 200-10-350. Qualifications—Honours degree in Commerce or Economics with previous experience of industrial research and statistical work of not less than two years preferably in Government Departments. Age—30 years at the time of appointment.
2. LIBRARIAN— Grade—Rs. 140-6-200-10-250. QUALIFICATIONS— Degree of a recognised University preferably in Economics or Commerce and must possess in addition a Diploma in Librarianship and practical experience of at least two years in Library Management. Age.- 25 years at the time of appointment.

The cost of living allowance as sanctioned by Government from time to time is admissible for both the posts.

Candidates must be native of the Province of Bombay as per rule 3(d) read with rule 4 of B.C.S.C. & R. Rules or displaced non-Muslims from the West Pakistan Provinces. Candidates already in Government service must apply through the Heads of their Departments. The age limit will not apply to those already in Government service.

Applications containing full particulars regarding age, educational qualifications, experience, domicile, etc., together with copies of testimonials and certificates should be forwarded to the Director of Industries and Statistics Authority, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, so as to reach him on or before the 10th October 1949. 5790

NOTICE

SUCH OF THE CLIENTS OF Messrs. DALLAS & CO. Solicitors who have paid all costs due to Messrs. DALLAS & CO., are hereby requested to take away all documents and papers relating to their matters which may be lying in the office of Messrs. DALLAS & CO. Notice is hereby given that if such documents and papers are not taken away within fourteen days from this date, the same will be destroyed and the undersigned will not thereafter be responsible for the return of any documents or papers of such clients.

Such of the clients of Messrs. DALLAS & CO., who have not yet paid the cost due by them to Messrs. DALLAS & CO., are hereby called upon to pay up the costs due by them and to take away their documents and papers.

116-120 Medows St.
Fort, Bombay.
17th September 1949.

S. DALLAS.
Administratix of Mr. R. D. DALLAS sole proprietor of Messrs. DALLAS & CO.

5792

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a public auction held by Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers on 6th September 1949 under instructions of M/s. Taher & Co. Solicitor for BAI JENABBAI widow of Gulamali Issaji Vahanvati the mortgagee of the undermentioned property at the risk and on account of the mortgagor HASHAM HAJI USMAN KHATRI, our client has been declared the purchaser of the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, mintenance, easement or otherwise however are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Fort Chambers at the junction of Dean Lane and Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of parcel of land or ground (being Foras Land or ground with tax redeemed) with the buildings sheds and structures standing thereon situate at Golder Street now known as Lamington Road, outside the Fort in the Town and Island of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 2886 sq. yds. or thereabouts which said land is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 1368 and 390 New No. 13882 and 13887, Old Survey Nos. 89, 89 and New Survey Nos. 6910, 6910 Cadastral Survey No. 249 of Tardeo Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 4494, 4495, 4496 and 4497 Street Nos. 39-51, A/45, B/45, C/45 and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the North by the property belonging to Manchersha S. Daruwala and another and on or towards the South by the property belonging to Akberali Gulamhusein and on or towards the East by the property of the Trustees for the Improvement for the City of Bombay.

Dated this 17th day of September 1949.

THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5800

PUBLIC NOTICES

VOID PREVIOUS FORWARD COTTON TRANSACTIONS

IT IS REPORTED on reliable information that there is a clique of interested Cotton Merchants, who in direct contravention of the Government of India Order issued on 13th September 1949, from New Delhi under essential supplies (Temporary Powers) Act 1946, prohibiting any contracts or any option in Cotton, except such class or description of contracts, which the Textile Commissioner has excluded from the operation of this prohibition, subject to such restrictions and conditions as he may prescribe in this behalf, desire to settle previous standing transactions of February and May settlements, which are void 'abinitio' under the the said Order by transferring them into new transactions or otherwise.

Notice is hereby given to the public that such settlements of all previous standing transactions either by transfer into new transactions or otherwise after the date of the Order are wholly against the aforesaid Order of the Government of India issued on 13th September 1949 and declared void under said Order and as such they cannot be enforced in the East India Cotton Association Limited or through any Court of Law. Such transactions being entirely void in law will create no legal right absolutely in favour of any party entering into such transactions. On the contrary the parties entering into such transactions shall render themselves liable to prosecution and penalties prescribed under the said Order and such transactions shall bring them directly in conflict with the East India Cotton Association Limited and the Textile Commissioner.

VISHNUPRASAD CHUNILAL DAVE,
Advocate, O.S.
Advocate for
Certain Members of the
East India Cotton
Association Ltd.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
Hydraulic Engineer's Department.
TENDERS.

BY ORDER of the Municipal Commissioner, the Hydraulic Engineer, notifies that the last date for submitting tenders for the supply of 6 Nos. Pressure Relief Valves is extended from 21/9/49 to 26/10/49 at 1 P. M. (Bombay Time.)

K. B. CARNAC,
Hydraulic Engineer.
(5797)

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Fire Brigade Superintendent, Surat Borough Municipality, in the scale of Rs. 125-5-200 plus Rs. 5|- cycle allowance per month and Rs. 50|- P.M. dearness allowance sanctioned by the Municipality at present with rent-free unfurnished quarters. The candidate should be a 2nd class Mechanical Engineer and must possess strong physique and knowledge of the work of Fire extenguishing Engines. Preference will be given to an experienced hand having undergone adequate training at Bombay Fire Brigade.

Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience etc., together with testimonials should reach the U/S not later than 8th October 1949. The post is permanent and pensionable according to Municipal Rules. The appointment will be on probation for one year in the first instance with chances of permanency thereafter on approved service.

T. R. DESAI.
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Surat 15-9-1949.

5793

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 38 ELECTRIC MOTORS

M|s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from the Office concerned, sell by Public Auction on 21st Inst. at 3 P.M. at their Rooms at 72 Medows St. Fort.

19. Elec. Motors 10 H.P., "Squirrel-cage, induction rnn, 3 phase, A.C. 50 cycles, Ball-bearings, 400|440 volts, drip-proof, 40 deg. C. cast iron frame, Tropically insulated, delta connected 960 R.P.M.
19. Do. 7 1|2 H.P.
Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BANK FURNITURE.

Under instructions from the Official Liquidator of The Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd., (In liquidation) High Court, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public Auction large lot of office chairs, tables, writing desks, large foot carpets, new fold Typewriters, benches, sofas, brand new cheque writing machines. Board table and chairs, fans, partitions, Bicycles and a large lot of unused blank papers, valuable exchange calculating machines, intercommunication sets, reams of blank white cheque papers etc. on WEDNESDAY 21st September 1949 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at 18 Sir Phiroz-shah Mehta Road, Bombay. On view Terms 25 % Cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

OFF TO U. K.

Miss S. Mansukhani who is one of the social workers of basic training in India now joining the Liverpool University for educational training left for U.K. by Air India International.

RESTORING SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY

Committee To Investigate

An eight-man Committee has been appointed by the Government of Bombay to look into the question of restoration of normal supply of electricity in the areas served by the Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies. The personnel of the Committee is Mr. P. M. Khareghat (Chairman), Mr. G. D. Ambedkar, Mr. Vithal N. Chandavarkar, Mr Shalebhoy A. Kader, Mr. Raja Kulkarni, Dr. K. P. P. Menon, Mr. C. S. Patel; M.L.A., and Dr. B. K. Ramprasad.

The Committee will (i) investigate the causes that have been responsible for necessitating the continuance of the staggering system of power supply to industries in the areas served by the Tata Hydro power System; (ii) Explore ways and means for restoring conditions of normal supply; (iii) examine steps to be taken for reducing, if not abolishing, staggering; and (iv) examine the feasibility of a system of rationing whereby the burden of sacrifice is shared by all and is not confined to a particular class or community, without affecting national economy.

Mr. H. R. Vajifdar will act as Secretary of the Committee.

The Committee has been requested to submit its report to the Government within a month.

SOCIALISTS WILL COME TO POWER

Mr. B. Das Confident

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18. (PTI): Mr. B. Das (Orissa), member of the Constituent Assembly, said in the Assembly yesterday that the Socialists were bound to come to power "though they have still to learn the ABC of politics".

Mr. Das who was opposing the suggestion of some members that the Hindi translation of the Constitution should be discussed and approved by the House so that there would be some "sanctity" about it, asked members not to think "we (Congress) will be the Government of India for all times".

He felt the Constitution would not be a permanent thing. Already his Socialist and Communist friends were talking of changing it. Mr. Das said it would be enough if the President was authorised to have a translation prepared and publish it as suggested by Mr. Munshi.

INFORMATION ABOUT GRAIN PROCUREMENT

Order To Provinces

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18. (PTI): The Foodgrains Investigation Committee has asked all Provincial Governments, Unions of States and States to submit detailed information regarding procurement, custody and storage of indigenous and imported foodgrains, it was learnt here.

The Committee has asked them to give information regarding arrangements made for maintenance of the quality of foodgrains and their distribution to consumers, including the financial implications at the various stages of handling them.

The Committee, which was appointed by the Government of India recently, has had so far two preliminary meetings.

After Ten Years, Arrested

AMBALA, Sept. 18. (PTI): An outlaw who is alleged to be responsible for four murders and nine dacoities in East Punjab and Bombay Province, was arrested by the police here while he was taking shelter in a house in village Heralpur (PEPSU).

The outlaw had been evading arrest for the last ten years, it was stated.

Tapti Floods Abating

SURAT, Sept. 18. (PTI): The floods in the river Tapti was abating this morning and the water level was gradually falling off.

While no official reports are still available from villages affected by flood waters, damage to standing crops like bajri and vegetable gardens has been reported.

About 46 villagers stranded in the flood-affected areas were rescued.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 12, 2005.
Muslim: Zilkad 25, 1368.
Parsi: Farvardin 17, 1319.
Sunrise 6-27 a.m. Sunset 6-39 p.m.
Hightide 09.52, 21.36. Lowtide 02.54, 16-10.

Today's Engagements

B. P. C. C.—Gandhi Jayanti today's programme: sacrificial spinning at Peoples' Jinnah Hall, 8 to 9 a.m. Mr. S. K. Patil to address spinners, 9 a.m., and prayer meeting 7 p.m. Mr. M. Y. Nurie presiding.

SOCIALIST PARTY: Public meeting at Napoo Gardens, Matunga, today, 9 p.m., Mr. Jai Prakash Narain to speak.

SANSKAR MANDAL: Mr. Rohit Dave, India Government's delegate to International Theatre Institute to speak on "India in World Cultures", today at 6-15 p.m., at St. Xavier's College.

AT Y.O.U. "Free Thought" at Youths' Own Union, Cama Hall 6-15 p.m.

NEED FOR TRAINED PHARMACISTS

Jivraj Mehta's Plea

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 18 (PTI)—Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Bombay's Minister of Public Works, presiding over the annual celebration of the Lallubhai Motilal College of Pharmacy opened by the Ahmedabad Education Society, stressed the need for trained Pharmacists. He referred to the Drugs Act and the Pharmacy Act passed by the Government of India and said that these two Acts provided for the development of the Drugs Industry and the regulation of the profession of pharmacy.

The Minister earlier saw the Meshva Canal Project that is being constructed for irrigating ten thousand acres of rice fields.

TO-DAY PLANS OPEN
Daily: 10 to 11-30
& 4-30 to 6
of PRAKASH'S
Purposeful
Picture of the
LIFE of a WOMAN

SAWAN-BHADO

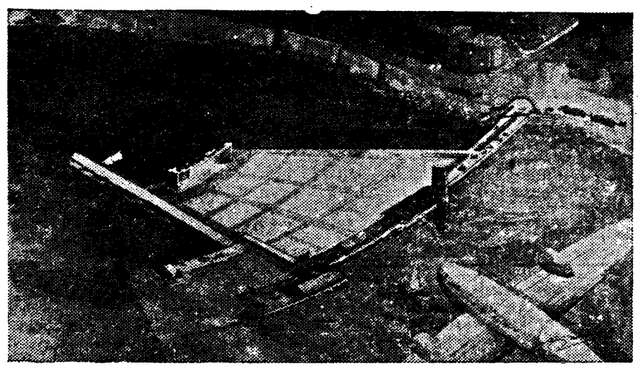
MUNAWAR SULTANA,
RAMSING, OM PRAKASH,
Director: RAVINDRA DAVE

From FRI. 23rd
LAMINGTON
3-30, 6-30, 9-30; Sun. Hol. 12-45
KISMET usual Timings
An EVERGREEN Release

An Unforgettable MASTERPIECE
Gopinath
Now AT
ROYAL
OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30, 3 to 6-30

KANEEZ
BOMBAY HAS LIKED THIS Social Picture
Starring:
MUNAWAR
SULTANA
SHYAM
Urmilla, Kuldeep
Now in 8th Week at
SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6-30
A GRAND P. Release

AURORA Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TODAY—LAST 3 SHOWS!
"EL PASO"
COLOR BY CINECOLOR!
TOMORROW TO THURSDAY!
The Screen's most Dramatic Sea Adventure!
"SOULS AT SEA"
Gary Cooper, George Raft



ARTIST'S IMPRESSION OF A 'FLOAT-IN' CINEMA.

A FLOATING CINEMA

The photograph published above is the impression of an artist of what a Float-in-Cinema, will look like when it is eventually constructed. Credit for this original idea goes to Mr. A. J. Patel of Bombay, who feels that a cinema can be constructed in the City without encroaching on the all too inadequate space available for any type of construction in Bombay.

The cinema will be constructed on the principle of the floating dock and will lie at anchor just off the shore. Built, on top class lines, it will accommodate an audience of 2,500 to 3,000 persons. Besides there will be a large open air restaurant attached, where people can relax and enjoy the sea-breeze.

The cinema show will start at about sunset time and the picture will be projected by high-power projectors on to the screen encased in a shell-like stage. As a start, it is proposed to have the first float-in Theatre in the Back Bay near Chowpatty, Band Stand. It can, if desired, be shifted to other locations also in the sea after a few months.

Not only will the novel cinema save valuable building space in the City but it will also save essential building materials and enable the cinema to be kept away from residential buildings and thereby save noise and disturbance. From the public's point of view, the greatest advantage will be that no longer will people have to lock themselves up in a closed theatre to enjoy a film show. They will be able to enjoy movies while relaxing in the open air by the sea. Mr. Patel is convinced that the novel idea will soon be adopted by other crowded cities bordering on the sea or a large lake.

Some of these facts were disclosed to local pressmen, whom Mr. Patel, met today.

TODAY'S RADIO

SEPTEMBER 19, 1949.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. 'Mirabai ki Malhar'. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 7-45 Usha Patwardhan, Bhavgeet. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 News (H), 8-30 Chhotubhai Patel, Geeto. 8-45 News (G).

12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 12-50 Chhotubhai Patel (G. Geeto). 1-0 News (G), 1-10 As in Bombay B. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Popular dance music.

4-20 p.m. School Broadcast. 5-0 K. G. Ginde (Patdeep). 5-30 As in Bombay B. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 News (H). 6-20 S. C. R. Bhat (Deepak). 7-0 Topic of Day. 7-10 Locals. 7-15 Allauddin Khan (Shishtarang par Durga). 7-30 Kannada Songs by N. Srinivasrao. 7-45 K. G. Ginde (Gaud Malhar). 8-0 Chhotubhai Patel (G. Geeto). 8-15 News (G). 8-30 As in Bombay B. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H). 9-30 As in Bombay B 10-0 Swinging Classics. 10-15 Margaret Daum and Donald Dame. 10-45 Music of Percy Faith.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 Chidanand Nagarkar (Yamani-Bilawal). 8-30 News (M). 8-45 Shishtarang by Allauddin Khan.

12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A. 12-50 News (M). 1-0 Abdul Majid (Ghazal). 1-10 Raagdari. 1-40 News (H). 1-50 Behnon ke Liye.

4-20 p.m. As in Bombay A. 5-30 Allauddin Khan (Shishtarang par Madhuvanti). 5-45 Abdul Majid (Geet). 6-0 Susheela Nadkarni (Geet). 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-15 As in Bombay A. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 News (M). 8-15 S. C. R. Bhat (Tilak-Kamod). 8-30 Poorva Mimansa: Talk in Gujarati by Gaurishanker C. Jhala. 8-45 Vital Problems We must Tackle by Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher. 9-0 Susheela Nadkarni (Kedar). 9-30 Swar Mudrika (music production by Bal Kudtarkar). 9-45 Balanced Diet: talk by Dr. K. S. Mhaskar. 10-0 Buddhi Dhanshak Mandal (Roopak by Adi Marzaban). 10-30 Chidanand Nagarkar (Narayani).

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Gangadhar G. Gaekwad (Shahnai par Bhairaon). 7-40 Dost Mohammad (Khayal Asawari). 8-0 News (E). 8-15 Music Lesson 8-30 "Geet Lahari" 8-45 News in Gujrati 5-30 p.m. "Variety". 6-0 News (E). 6-10 Gangadhar G. Gaekwad (Shahnai par Patdeep). 6-25 As in Ahmedabad. 6-35 Gramjano Mate. 7-0 "Songs from Screen." 7-15 Gangadhar G. Gaekwad (Shahnai par Puria). 7-30 Dost Mohammad (Ghazal ane Geet). 7-45 As In Ahmedabad. 8-0 U. M. Maniar. 8-10 Locals. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Kamal Punekar (light vocal). 8-45 As in Ahmedabad. 9-0 News (E), 9-15 Story with Songs. 9-45 Kamal Punekar (light vocal).

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda. 7-40 Khyal Sangeet. 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda. 8-30 Snehrashmi Krut Geeto. 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 As in Baroda. 6-25 Vasundhara Desai (Geet). 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 7-0 As in Baroda. 7-15 Raag Gaurino Ek Prakar by Gulam Ahmed Khan. 7-45 Topic of Day. 7-55 Interlude. 8-0 As in Baroda. 8-10 Locals. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 As in Baroda. 8-45 Apni Geya Kavita. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 Gulam Ahmed Khan. 9-45 As in Baroda.

SEPARATE ANDHRA PROVINCE ISSUE

Delegation To Meet Nehru

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18, (PTI): A delegation of the Andhra Maha Sabha, led by its Executive President, Mr. G. Harisarvottama Raj has arrived here to meet Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru in connection with the demand for immediate formation of Andhra Province on the lines suggested by the Nehru-Patel Pattabhi Committee appointed by the Congress Working Committee.

The delegation is expected to meet Pandit Nehru on September 20. It will also meet the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and the Constituent Assembly President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

Among the other members of the delegation are Messrs. M. Tirumal Rao and Kallur Subba Rao, G. V. Punniah Sastry, General Secretary of the Andhra Maha Sabha, K. V. Ramanayya Naidu, T. Raghavacharlu and V. G. Krishnayya.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 18, (PTI): The following is the weather summary for Sunday, September, 1949:—

Yesterdays 'low' over the north-west Central Provinces has moved northwards and lies this morning near Gwalior. It is likely to move in a northerly direction and finish up over the hills of the West United Provinces. Under its influence, widespread and locally heavy rain has fallen in the United Provinces. Rainfall has also been widespread in Vindhya Pradesh, Madhya Bharat, the west Central Provinces, the Konkan, South Hyderabad and Malabar and local in West Bengal and Bihar.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL the Monday evening:—Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy in the west United Provinces and the adjoining parts of the East Punjab. Widespread rain will also occur along the west coast of the peninsula and local rain in the east United Provinces, Vindhya Pradesh, Madhya Bharat and south-east Rajputana. Scattered showers are likely elsewhere over the country outside west Rajputana, Saurashtra, Gujarat and the east Deccan.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours I.S.T. on September 18, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 90 77 0 24.4 minus 3.0, Ahmednagar 86 65 0 9.4 minus 6.6, Allahabad 86 77 1.0 33.4 plus 0.5, Baroda 86 78 0 25.6 — BOMBAY: 86 78 0.1 69.2 plus 5.1 Calcutta 92 79 0.3 42.4 minus 0.9, Delhi 89 73 0.7 24.3 plus 3.6, Hyderabad (Dn.) 89 72 0.7 19.0 minus 1.1, Lucknow 83 76 1.6 41.0 plus 7.6, Madras 90 79 0 17.2 plus 4.1, Mahabaleshwar 67 62 0.1 171.5 minus 71.5 Mysore 82 67 0 10.0 minus 13.1, Nagpur 81 73 0.3 45.3 plus 5.1, Patna 87 76 0.7 54.5 plus 17.3, Poona 86 68 0 10.4 minus 7.1, Sholapur 94 70 0.1 19.1 plus 1.2, Simla 69 59 3.0 40.2 minus 3.9, Surat 83 75 0 33.7 minus 3.9.

J. P. Deplores Railwaymen's Disruptive Tendencies

WARNS THEM AGAINST DEMANDS THAT WILL WORSEN CRISIS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

AN appeal to railwaymen in the country to formulate their demands so that they would not further deteriorate the prevailing economic crisis in India, was made by Mr. Jayaprakash Narain, addressing Bombay railway workers at the Podar College this morning.

The Socialist leader warned that they could not shut their eyes to the present grave economic situation, although he admitted that it was due to the bungling of the Government itself. "We cannot hope to make any large advances at the present nor can threats of strike or strike itself help us", he added.

Explaining the negotiations now going on between the All-India Railwaymen's Federation and the Railway administration. Mr. Jayaprakash said that some of their demands had already been conceded and implemented and others were before the Advisory Committee. He hoped to take up with the Railway Minister the remaining issues also when he would visit New Delhi in early October.

He regretted that the Advisory Committee was functioning in a most unsatisfactory manner in view of the fact that members were not vested with adequate authority. At every stage they had to consult the Railway Board which gave the Committee a character of unreality.

DISRUPTIVE TENDENCIES

Strongly deprecating the disruptive and separatist tendencies evident among the ranks of railwaymen by the formation of rival organisations, Mr. Jayaprakash said that the need of the hour was a strong central national well-knit organisation embracing all railways in the country. He contended that the All-India Railwaymen's Federation enjoyed the support of a majority of railwaymen and appealed to them to further strengthen the organisation in their own interest.

City's Gandhi Jayanti Programme

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has drawn up an elaborate programme in connection with the celebration of Gandhi Jayanti which commences on Monday and will continue till October 2.

Gandhiji's birthday according to Hindu calendar, falls on September 19 and according to Christian calender on October 2. The period, intervening between these two days is observed as Gandhi Jayanti or Charkha Jayanti.

Sacrificial spinning, prayer meetings, Bhajan recitals, processions prabhat pheries and public meetings are the main features of the programme chalked out by the Congress Committee. It is also proposed to utilise the occasion for brisk enrolment of Congress primary members.

The first day's programme includes sacrificial spinning at People's Hall between 8 and 9 a. m. an address by Mr. S. K. Patil on Gandhian Philosophy of Karma Yoga, and a prayer meeting at 7 p.m. Mr. M. Y. Nurie will preside.

GANDHIJI'S STATUE IN TEMPLE PRECINCTS

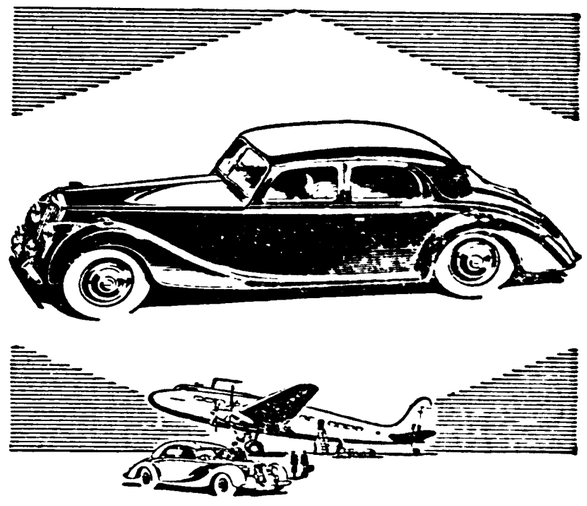
BHOPAL, Sept. 18, (PTI): Difference of opinion on the propdiety of placing Mahatma Gandhi's statue in a temple has held up its unveiling in Sehore, 20 miles from here.

It is understood that a statue of Mahatma Gandhi has been erected in the compound of a temple at the instance of some local leaders. Another group of the public including some Congress leaders, however, is opposing its unveiling on the ground that it may be turned into an object of worship, which would be against the wish and principles of the Mahatma himself. The unveiling ceremony which was due to take place a few days ago was postponed indefinitely.

Keep
Fit & Fresh
WITH
EFFERSAL
Health-Giving
Effervescent Fruit Saline

ALKALIZES THE SYSTEM
PEPS UP THE LIVER
and
ELIMINATES WASTE PRODUCTS.
BENGAL CHEMICAL
Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Princess Street, Bombay—2

Opening from THURSDAYY 22nd September.
BLUSHING BACHELOR'S ADVENTURES IN THE GARDEN OF EVE!
Produced at BOMBAY TALKIES STUDIOS, Lokmanya's Musical Hit
GIRLS' SCHOOL
Lyrics:— Poet PRADEEP
Direction: AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Starring:—GEETA BALI, Shashi Kala, Sohan, Sajjan & Ram Singh
From THURSDAY AT
NEW WEST-END
(Adv. Bkgs: 10 to 12; 4 to 6)
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. 11-45
A SHARDA KINE R, Release.



THERE'S '3-CAR-VALUE' IN A RILEY
sports car performance, saloon comfort, with the lines of a specialist-built body.
Magnificently engined with a performance of 75-80 m.p.h. Luxuriously appointed, seating 5 in comfort. Beautifully bodied with air-flow lines to add to speed, Riley Torsionic front suspension gives easy steering and superb road holding at all speeds. Hydro-mechanical brakes for fine driving. Two models, 1½ and 2½ litres.
Riley
DISTRIBUTORS:
GARWARE MOTORS. LTD.
SANDHURST BRIDGE, BOMBAY 7

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
TENDER NOTICE
TENDER NO. DGD/UST/KLG (T)/3.1

Sealed tenders are invited in prescribed form for the purchase and removal of approximately 5,500 tons of Prefabricated 40,000 gallons, 2,00,000 gallons and 4,00,000 gallons Petrol and Gasoline Tanks, their spare parts and accessories and spare tank plates located at USASS Kalighat Depot adjoining Kalighat Railway Station, Calcutta.

Tender forms containing available particulars of stores, location, instructions to tenderers, opening date, conditions of sale and inspection permit, can be obtained from the Disposals Offices at Calcutta/New Delhi/Bombay/Madras/Kanpur at Rs. 5/- per set in Cash or Money Order

The reserve price has been fixed at Rs. 350/- per ton No offers below this rate will be considered.

Tenders should be addressed to the Director, United States Transfers Directorate, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta and should reach him by 4 p.m. on 11th October, 1949.

Issued by
DIRECTORATE OF UNITED STATES TRANSFERS,
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.
A.C. 88.

NAVAL CUSTOMS

the naval collar: When sailors favoured pigtails as a mark of their distinctive occupation, the tar and grease applied to keep the pigtail stiff soiled the jumper and so sailors wore a wide collar. In 1857, the addition of three rows of white tape was authorized—and contrary to popular belief are not symbolic of three great British naval victories. The reason remains unknown.

AMONG SMOKERS IT HAS LONG BEEN THE CUSTOM TO SAY
Player's Please
BECAUSE OF COURSE, THEY ALWAYS DO.
JOHN PLAYER & SONS, LONDON

The Bombay Chronicle

He who has equal regard for friends, companions and foes, for those that are indifferent and impartial, for those who are hateful and those who are related, for those that are righteous and even for those that are sinful—he stands supreme.

—THE BHAGAVAD GITA.

THUNDER ON THE LEFT

The failure of the Congress to secure a single seat in the four bye-elections to the Bombay Municipal Corporation is a portent that cannot be ignored. Coming as it does on the top of other failures, it is sufficiently serious to raise a demand for a complete reconsitution of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee which was responsible for the conduct of the election campaign. And this is the more imperative because there was only the other day a reshuffling of the Committee with a great deal of publicity about the change that was under contemplation. The public was given to understand that six hours of devoted work for the party would be insisted on for all office-bearers and it was suggested that there was to be closer co-ordination between the Ministerial section and the Party Executive. Normally, the people would have been interested in the promise of new conditions—interested enough to rally to the side of the Party. But the fact that all that was effected was a reshuffle of personnel and an elimination of the more innocuous members of the B.P.C.C., has not served to inspire confidence. It might also be taken that the ineptness of the Municipality which is today dominated by the Congress Party, to settle the sweepers' strike has contributed to the defeat in quite a large measure. The Socialist success does not, it is true, affect the strength of the Congress Party in the Municipal Corporation; they are all four seats that were held by the Communists. But that is poor consolation for the defeated party which concentrated its full strength in fighting the elections. Besides, it is a sorry confession to make that entire Labour constituencies have to be made over to either Communists or Socialists.

It is no use saying that the Congress in the City must be reorganized. That is so obvious as to have become a platitude. The question is how. A glance at the candidates put up for election and at the personnel of the B.P.C.C. should suffice to suggest the first step necessary for putting the Congress here on its feet. There has been nothing in the City Congress which could be remotely regarded as talent-spotting. So far as the public is aware it has all been concentration of authority in one hand and everything else has rotated round this point. Mr. S. K Patil himself has on more than one occasion observed that the burden of carrying the Congress Party in Bombay was too much for any one individual. But somehow it has invariably happened that it has all been thrown back on him. There can be no denying the fact that the energetic President of the B.P.C.C. has been able to evoke a tremendous personal loyalty to him amongst the "permanent" members of the B.P.C.C. but it is not a feeling which radiates from these members to the outside public; nor has it been a source of confidence amongst the public. To a large extent, a good deal could be done by the Party organization by way of building up other workers and taking up as well earnest party men who do not push themselves into office or win approval by cultivating the men in power. It is at all times desirable that there should be an even wider circle around the party executive who can be relied on for solid party work. This has been neglected in Bombay. To say it in expressive slang, there is a tendency on the part of a few to hog the limelight. It is not necessary to dwell further on this point because the present plight of the Congress is far more effective than any words could be to condemn this. From the selection of candidates to the pushing of the campaign, there is a wooden, unimaginative attitude which makes no sense. And too often there is a tendency to indulge in post-mortems which place the blame as far from the centre of Congress authority in the city as it is possible to do.

There have been far too many lost elections for the quadruple defeat to be brushed lightly aside. And the public knows far too well what ails the local Congress to need any elaborate explanations. But the Congress would do well to consider seriously the remedies that are called for and to putting them into effect. It is pathetic to listen to veteran Congressmen asking where the alternative to the present leadership is. Nothing could be a more complete condemnation of the dead hand of authority than this kind of feeling. And there will be no question of a possible alternative so long as this state of affairs continues. In this work, the Congress Ministry in the Province has a great deal to interest itself in the work of the party executive. Elections are not fought by Cabinets but by party organisations. And the realization of this fact still seems lacking both in the party organization and the Ministry. Belated though it is, we hope that the Congress will take a lesson from the lost bye-elections and grow from a ramshackle organization into a disciplined party, built on sound principles and served by devoted workers.

The Great Slash

The decision of the Government of India to cut down imports drastically from all quarters is by no means unexpected. The Commonwealth resolution to effect a 25 per cent cut in dollar imports was one to which India too was a party. There were two spheres in which cuts would have been unthinkable—food, because imports were a necessity, and all the reduction that could be expected was that which followed from falling world prices of food-grains; and Government undertakings, because it is difficult to convince the official world that its blueprints are extravagant. The vast array of experts who consider projects and approve them, is a powerful defence against financial inroads. If these two spheres are left out of the reckoning, then the burden of sacrifice on commercial imports shoots far above the required 25 per cent. Recent calculations are inclined to place it nearer 35 per cent and, since the commercial imports include both raw materials and machinery, the scaling down becomes a fairly serious proposition, almost touching some 78 per cent. So drastic a cut in consumer goods is bound to have an inflationary influence and this is just what the Government is out to avoid.

To some extent, the restriction of imported consumer goods will give an impetus to indigenous industries but here too it must be remembered that there are other factors which have retarded industrial initiative and which have only been vaguely dealt with, by the Government. On the other hand, it has been observed by those who have watched imports trends that on certain commodities, traders find it profitable to pay the high penalty for importing without licence. Japanese silk, for example, was very much more profitable to deal in, on this basis, than Indian silk. There are numerous other commodities, articles of daily use, where the Indian product is definitely more costly, in the home market, than equivalent articles manufactured in the U.S.A. or in Britain, and no one will be so rash as to claim a higher quality for the Indian product. An investigation here will prove revealing. Indians can, once again, be fired with the necessary zeal to buy Swadeshi but it will be almost an impossibility to ask them to buy Indian at a higher price.

Future Of Italian Colonies

As a result of his visit to, and talks in, London, Emir Sayid Idris el Sennssi, the Cyrenaican leader, who fought Italy and lived an exile's life in Egypt rather than submit to Italian Imperialism, has been persuaded to accept a sorry type of regime for Cyrenaica. What is described—and that too loosely—as "control over the internal affairs of the country" has been granted to him. But the British reserve control over foreign affairs, foreign trade and defence—including matters affecting British forces—air navigation, currency and immigration and "public order" if the local authorities are unable to maintain it." Finally "until full independence is achieved, the British Resident reserves full powers to revoke, alter or amend the proclamation issued today", namely the grant of so-called internal autonomy. All this means quite obviously the maintenance of British authority in a virtually complete measure over Cyrenaica. And it is a betrayal in two senses. First it denies freedom, second it seeks to formalise the partition of Libya into Cyrenaica under British control and Tripolitanica, which may be handed over to Italian control. A protest needs to be raised at Lake Success against these moves. The future of former Italian colonies will be gravely jeopardised by such sharing up. It can only be secured by placing them under collective U. N. trusteeship for a strictly specified period.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT. —

Four vacant seats in the Bombay Municipal Corporation, for which by-elections were held in the labour areas in the city last week, have been captured by the Socialist Party.

The results, announced by the Municipal Commissioner at 3-30 p.m. on Saturday after 75 clerks had completed a count of the votes cast, gave the Socialists five straight wins in six by-elections held since the constitution of the present Corporation. In the sixth contest, they had not put up a candidate, but extended their support to the victorious Scheduled Caste nominee.

Local Report.

* * *

Apropos of his successful point of order about quorum in the Constituent Assembly on Saturday evening, angry protests, says a New Delhi report, were voiced against Maulana Hasrat Mohani for upsetting the schedule set by the Congress Party to complete the work on Saturday.

And nothing against the members who didn't attend?

* * *

Explaining at Ferozpur why India has rejected the Truman-Attlee patronised arbitration proposal of the U.N. Commission, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru asserted that "Pakistan's perfidy and her part in the despoiling of Kashmir which, despite Pakistan's vigorous denial, the commission itself found to be true, is sought to be forgotten."

Messrs. Truman and Attlee, let alone the U.N. Commission, will have every reason to protest against this blunt statement of the exact truth.

* * *

The proposals for arbitration, Pandit Nehru said further, appeared to be meant to conceal Pakistan's act of aggression.

Yes, yes, yes, but is it co-operation in maintaining peace in Asia, which is already threatened otherwise, to expose the reality, to rub it in and so on and so forth?

* * *

Inspecting a military outpost in Ferozpur district, Pandit Nehru crossed the bridge at the other end of which were small platoons of Pakistan troops. And instead of capturing the Prime Minister of India as an unauthorised and hostile alien, the Commander of the Pakistan platoon greeted him while the men stood to attention.

We are clearly of the opinion that this incident fully disproves India's case against Pakistan in the matter of Kashmir and should be used by friends of-er-peace in Asia to tell Jawaharlal Nehru off.

* * *

Speaking at a press conference in New Delhi, Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar said the Pakistan Foreign Minister's statement in New York on the Indo-Pakistan disputes over the Punjab canal waters and evacuee property was "a complete distortion of facts, which was hardly expected of a man of Sir M. Zafrullah's status."

Why not? Why Not?

* * *

SINGAPORE: Russia and East European countries received by direct and indirect shipments, more Malayan rubber than the United States last month, according to usually reliable market sources. Merchants predict that rubber shipments to Russia will be even heavier this month.

We shouldn't be surprised. We shouldn't be surprised at all. And we won't say more.

FEAR OF WORLD HUNGER

Sir John Russell's presidential address to this year's session of the British Association for the advancement of Science has focussed attention on a major world problem—how food production can keep pace with population increases.

In this special article, Sir John discusses the ways by which self-sufficiency in food could be achieved—extension of the areas under cultivation, more intensive yields and the reduction of waste.

SIR JOHN RUSSELL,
President of the British Association for 1949; a former Chairman of the Agriculture Sub-Committee of UNRRA; and author of a number of books on agriculture and soil science.

It is currently accepted that the world's population is increasing more rapidly than its power of producing food. The coloured peoples and those of Eastern Europe increase much more rapidly than those in the West. Among the Western nations, it is usually the lower income groups that multiply most quickly. The anticipated result is a progressive deterioration in quality of the populations but an increase in quantity. This part of the forecast must be left to population experts. Only the second part, that the world food production resources are nearing their limit, is dealt with here.

It is, of course, a fact that land capable of or actually producing food is lost to cultivation every year; also that no large areas of land suitable for settlement by Europeans are now available. Nevertheless, there is still land that could be used, and much of the existing cultivation could be intensified.

CULTIVABLE LAND

Accurate figures are not known, but the world's population is about 2,000 million, and the annual increase about 20 million. The area of land having climate suitable for crop production is about 11,500 million acres—about five acres per head of world population. This, however, includes great tracts of almost impossible soils, while the area actually producing food is of the order of 2,000 or 3,000 million acres—about seven per cent. of the total land surface.

The tillage figure is indefinite because of the wide latitude given to the term "grazing land". But accepting the data as they stand, the average allocation of cultivated land per head for the world is at present about 1 or 1½ acres per head. In Europe, about 1.5 to 1.8 acres suffice per head of population, and in the vegetarian countries of the East about half this area, or less.

UNEQUAL INCIDENCE

It is estimated that some two-thirds of the world's population are food producers, most of them peasants, and all experience shows that the food producer is the last to go hungry when trouble comes. The food problem is, therefore, of unequal incidence; it presses hardest on the crowded lands, where a large part of the population is either non-agricultural or, if on the land, redundant. The three chief regions are north-west Europe, including Great Britain and Italy, India, and east Asia, including Japan and part of China. Elsewhere the possibilities of food production are still adequate even though they may not be fully used.

The chief food imports of north-west Europe and Italy before the war were cereals and oil seeds, but we needed meat and dairy products also. On the average, continental Europe, before the war, imported from outside its borders 11.1 million tons of grains per year, including 3.7 million tons of bread grains. But we imported no less than 9.75 million tons of grains, of which 5.6 millions were bread grains.

The war upset the very efficient arrangements by which this commerce was carried on, and new ones have been set up. The grain areas of the great wheat-growing countries of Europe, France, Italy and Spain are, or were until recently, still below their pre-war acreage, as also were those of Germany, Hungary, and Rumania. The countries of north-west Europe can no longer rely on supplies from Eastern Europe. They must look to the Americas and Australia, and now compete with us. Can these countries increase their supplies to satisfy then ew demands?

WHEAT ACREAGE

The reports of the Food and Agriculture Organisation indicate that the world acreage of wheat, which in most countries had fallen to a minimum in 1943, had by 1946 attained its pre-war value of something over 365 million acres; but in the meantime, of course, the world population had increased. Argentine and Australia are not yet up to their pre-war areas. Canada has a little more, and the United States still more than pre-war.

This failure to increase the world area of wheat since the 1934-38 period has been interpreted as showing that all the wheat lands of the world are occupied. But there was a similar standstill between 1909 and 1924, when the world acreage remained steady at about 280 millions; thereafter it rose steadily until 1937, when it reached 365 millions. The block is probably due to limitations of transport and storage facilities, and until a market seems assured, i. e., until the food is needed, no one is prepared to incur the considerable cost of providing more. For the same reason there has been a similar stagnation in areas under barley, oats, and maize.

Sir William Crookes, in his Presidential address to the British Association in 1898, declared that the wheat areas of the world were almost fully exploited, and after the 1930's the world would begin to suffer hunger unless yields were increased. With true scientific insight, he indicated the way out: the synthetic production of nitrogen fertilizers. This was duly accomplished and has led to a great increase in food production and saved us from hunger during the two wars and after.

NEW VARIETIES

But the wheat lands were not exhausted, and indeed they have expanded greatly since his time. Canada, in 1898, had 4 million acres of wheat; in 1940 it had 28 million: and its present acreage is 24 million. Australia in 1898 had under 5 million, but in 1947 had 14 million acres. This quite unexpected expansion arose from the success of the plant breeders in production new varieties of wheat better able than the old ones to grow in regions of low rainfall; in consequence, the wheat zone was pushed more and more into the dry regions, and also into the northern regions of shorter summers.

At first while much success was achieved, there were difficulties like rust, which could not be overcome.

(Continued on page 6.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Concealing Aggression

Speaking at Ferozepore, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explained the basic issue regarding the Kashmir trouble the stand of India and the attitude adopted towards the whole affair by the U. N. Kashmir Commission and Messrs. Truman and Attlee. He has made clear what the meaning of the "arbitration" proposal is and what its effect would be "Pakistan's perfidy", the Prime Minister, pointed out, "and her part in the despoiling of Kashmir, which, despite Pakistan's vigorous denial, the Commission itself found to be true, is sought to be . forgotten." This fact is not in dispute, namely, that the U. N. Commission has not been able to avoid acknowledging what Pandit Nehru described as Pakistan's perfidy and her part in the despoiling of Kashmir." That being so, what else does the arbitration proposal amount to than a clear attempt to forget the truth about Kashmir? And how else can this attempted forgetfulness be interpreted than that it is meant "to conceal Pakistan's act of aggression"? The charge to which the U. N. Commission and Messrs. Truman and Attlee have exposed themselves is clear and undeniable. Pandit Nehru has made India's position plain. It is now for the U. N. Commission and Anglo-American statesmen to hold counsel, if not with their conscience, at any rate with their sense of expediency, which so far they have used in a manner calculated to defeat the very end, which is supposed to inspire them.

Deplorable Indifference

On Saturday evening last, the meeting of the Constituent Assembly had to be adjourned till the next morning without completing the schedule set for the day. This happened because, on a point of order by Maulana Hasrat Mohani, a quorum was found lacking and the situation could not be remedied even despite hurried alarums and excusion of the Deputy Chief Whip of the Congress Party. Agreed that Maulana Hasrat Mohani should not have upset the schedule and that his intervention resulted, as the President helplessly observed, in obstruction. But the Maulana is a member of the Opposition who cannot, therefore, be blamed so much for such tactics as the Congress members whose indifference helped his move to succeed. The Congress Party has a strength of a good few hundreds in the Constituent Assembly; yet not more than 86 members could be mustered for the required minimum of 97. Where were the rest and what were they doing to their sense of duty not only as members of the Assembly, but also, and more specially, as Congress members? The incident may not by itself be regarded as of grave importance but it goes to emphasise the symptoms of the malaise which Congress is suffering from today.

Mahim Woods

Diametrically opposite views were expressed by participants in the debate, in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, on the Bill which was introduced by the Government in order to ensure planned development of Bombay's "Mahim Woods". The Assembly gave assent to the Bill and, thereby, accepted the principle underlying its provisions. A section of the members, who pleaded acute shortage of houses, against the Bill had their eyes on the stern realities of the day; while those who supported it, took their stand on town-planning. Both the sections approached the question raised by the Bill from different but not wrong angles. Explaining the object of the proposition, the Minister for Local Self-Government observed that legislation was intended to prevent the haphazard construction of houses in the zone and thereby to facilitate the execution of town-planning schemes. Obviously houses once built on a large scale could not be demolished if the plots and streets laid out in the zone were subsequently found to have been unsystematically demarcated. The prevention of the construction of structure should be considered less objectionable than the expenditure on compensation and the hardships in which the residents might be put in the event of demolition required by town-planning schemes.

Caught Napping

The fact that the development of a vast zone like "Mahim Woods" should follow a well-knit scheme cannot be gainsaid, but every such scheme must satisfy the conditions of the Master Plan. It was evident from the observations made by the Minister for Local Self-Government that no such scheme was ready at a moment when development is an urgent demand of Bombay and there is a clamour for the construction of houses in a large number. We like to know why the Municipality had, all this while, not realised the necessity of framing town-planning schemes for an area of the extensiveness of Mahim Woods. According to the provisions of the Bill, the construction, alterations or repairs of buildings on laying out of streets in the locality is prohibited for a period of two years. In a way the Bill is a call to the planning authorities to proceed with and finalise schemes within two years' time. Such a liberal time-limit should be more than sufficient for the formulation of schemes. We wish that the time limit was shorter. Planned and orderly development, which is the objective in the case of Mahim Woods, should be the guiding principle of the approach to every undeveloped tract. The authorities in charge of planning should not require time-limit in every case. They must have schemes in readiness before the question of the development or re-planning of any zone arises.

OUR READERS VIEWS

Hobnobbing With Communalists

The letter entitled 'M.P.C.C. President's Directive' (CHRONICLE of September 15), while intended as a rejoinder to my justification of the stand of the President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee 'vis-a-vis' communal organizations, is typical of the 'apologia' and naive and artful 'arguments' adduced in the Hindusabha—RSS press.

The assumption that communalism is 'more or less overpowering the middle class—the backbone of the Government machinery' is completely false. Apart from the figures given of RSS satyagraha prisoners and dismissed government servants by the Premier and Home Minister in the Assembly recently and their ratio to the province's population and the number of government servants, the petty clerks and subordinate ranks of government servants do not constitute 'government machinery'. By 'middle class' is meant evidently a sector of the pitiable 'safaidposh' class. But even among this class, the bulk is much too intelligent, patriotic and possessing a sense of responsibility to be seduced ov communalism. All government servants have to abide oy the rules of discipline and conduct prescribed for them and they are strictly prohibited from joining any political party including the Congress Party.

I can only repeat that no real or loyal Congressman or any person with a progressive as well as patriotic outlook and man or woman of goodwill regards or need regard the victims of the pernicious doctrine of communalism as lepers or outcasts. Those who are fighting such a doctrine are certainly imbued with the humanitarian feeling of saving the victims of the communalist propaganda and they are certainly inspired by the principle of Gandhiji that the hatred of an evil should emanate from pity for and love towards its human victim. But the Hindusabha—RSS propagandists would be well-advised not to practise the hypocrisy of trying to interpret Gandhiji's teachings to us when we know very well that Gandhiji remained the single target of their foulest abuse. Gandhiji's murder and martyrdom was the outcome and high culmination point of the criminal doctrine of communalism and hate and we would be betraying our regard for Gandhiji's memory if we did not exterminate the evil of communalism and exposed the fraudulent claims and pretensions of the communalist propagandist who pretends to praise Gandhiji today.

The suggestion that the RSS is 'gaining popularity' despite the 'heavy rod of the Government' and that the 'ovation and enthusiasm with which the RSS Chief is being received throughout the country is a clear indication that the organisation is gaining popularity' is as completely false. The spurious and unscrupulous Hindusabha—RSS press is playing up the reception got up by the RSS agents with the aid of the displaced persons. Even assuming any section of the people in any strength are joining in the 'tamashas' organized for propaganda effect, it merely means that human memories are short and that the difficulties our country is facing are being exploited by certain disgruntled elements.

RSS revivalism, which lacks in popular support, carries danger—let me get this quite clear—not to the people but to the engineers of that movement. Reports are coming through from Kolhapur and other cities of breaking-up of meetings and fights and the revival of the non-Brahmin movement. There are indications that the propagandists of the Shetkari-Kamkari Party, Socialists and other political groups are reacting sharply to the spurious RSS press propaganda. The avowedly cultural movement of Golwalkar is inevitably assuming a political complexion when the Sarsanchalak of the RSS is publicly saying the RSS disfavours adult franchise and supports the institution of zamindari. The priestcraft, sahukars, landlords and other disgruntled elements hit by the national government's progressive socio-economic policies are expected to extend the fullest support to the revived RSS movement.

Against this background, the RSS is clearly playing with fire. The greatest weakness of the movement is that it lacks in mass support which the Congressmen command because they led in the freedom struggle and fought the foreign rule when the communalists were looking on timidly. They were propagating their doctrine of hate. They could never inspire confidence in their pretensions of patriotism. This situation still continues and the communalists would be well-advised to take their warning in good time.

—AMUSED SPECTATOR.

Kaira Versus Nadiad

Kaira is the headquarters of District Kaira. It is a Town situated where the two rivers Vatrak and Shedhi meet. It is a historical town from Mahabharat times. Hundred of years have passed and so many rulers have been changed but it has occupied an important place. It is a healthy place and well situated Lastly it was ruled by Gaikwars and then by British. Congress Satyagraha, started from Kaira. The Congress Government without the knowledge of the people, decided to shift headquarters from Kaira to Nadiad. It is to be done with the expense of say about sixty to eighty lacs only in the name of efficiency but really speaking only to please men of Nadiad who have influence.

With only rupees five to ten lacs expenditure, Kaira will be nicer than Nadiad. So I suggest to the Government as well as to the Congressmen and all political parties that they should appoint an immediate commission to report whether it is worth while to spend such a big amount on changing the headquarters or to help Kaira to grow more with little expense.

—SHANTILAL P. DALAL.

School Buildings

How the Rent Restriction Act works against the development of vacant or insufficiently built premises will be clear from the following:

The Chanda Ramji Girls High School on the Vithalbhai Patel Road is one of the very few secondary schools in this thickly crowded locality. It accommodates with difficulty 900 girls at present though the potential demand exceeds 1500 girls, who have to be refused admission for want of space.

The original school building bordering on Vithalbhai Patel Road is over 100 years old, is bad—leaking in spite of heavy and frequent repairs and its future life is at best uncertain.

The School has on the Kandewadi side a one storeyed condemned building and some ground floor shops which could be easily developed into three or four storied wing to accommodate 500 to 600 girls, but under the Rent Restriction Act it is not possible to get vacant possession from the petty shop-keepers who occupy the shops with the result that not only is much valuable space wasted in a thickly crowded locality, but even the School may have to be closed down if anything happens to its hundred years old tottering building.

U. M. SARAIYA.
TRUSTEE, CHANDA RAMJI GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL.

NO FLIGHT OF MONEY ABROAD

Vellodi Denies Report

MADRAS, Sept. 18. (PTI): Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Secretary, States Ministry, while in Madras denied the report that some of the rulers of the Indian States were trying to make their investments abroad.

He said they could not have done anything without the knowledge of the Government in view of the exchange of the Government in view of the exchange restrictions, and there was no such instance so far to his knowledge.

OPEN AIR

Climbing up the rough stems of the date palms and scrambling over hedges and shrubs, we find a creeper during the monsoon which is known to every mali as the Karanda. It seems strange that the villager seems to know the name of every tree and plant while so many of the better-educated people hardly even seem to know that they exist at all. The Karanda, the scientific name of which is the Dioscorea bulbifera, has heart shaped leaves of very bright green, with their veins all arising from the base and bears thick tresses of pendulous spikes of flowers, which from a short distance look like trails of moss. Looking closely at the flowers, which are quite small and insignificant, we see that each is like a six-pointed star of greenish yellow. The plant may be most easily recognised by the flattened black bulbils which grow in the exils of the leaves. They are about an inch in diameter and are rough and nobby in texture. Roots and bulbils are both used medicinally and are also of food value and in Ceylon, the tubers are said, by Thwaites, to be used for "attracting fish to certain spots where they can be easily caught." The tubers are broken into pieces and thrown daily into the water for some time. The plant was originally introduced into India from the Straits.

DIOSCOREA BULBIFERA.

D. R.

Trades Retain Western India Championship

TATAS UNLUCKY TO LOSE BY SOLITARY GOAL

BOMBAY, Sunday.

TRADES retained the hold on the Western India Football Championship when they sed a solitary goal win this evening over Tatas. Packed stands witnes an exciting and fast game. Trades fully deserved to win as their attaproved more effective and was also their means of defence.

Thingalaya gave very creditable performance in Tatgoal otherwise the tally may have b bigger. The only goal scored in game caught him unaware and had not a chance to save.

Trades were dictag terms from the start and Laloo med to be bent upon obtaining a dece verdict to reverse the victory thTatas had scored in their last mng on Tuesday when Tatas won. Parab sent the ball into goal, bt struck the upright and was clea

In the third min. however, Tatas gained a corner k and Ananthram took the kick and t the ball accurately into goalmh which Sanjiva failed to collect bluckily there was no Tata forward, the spot and he took his time to ar.

Transferring plTrades set in to a fine short pas movement when Thomas passed Maxie and he in turn centred. pen failed to clear and Laloo shed in and drove the ball past ngalaya who was taken completelmawares as he had left his stationready to clear the ball. This opg goal which came in the sixth mie of play brought new vigour inthe game.

Tatas attack but Sanjiva collected a high free k by Ananthram but from now on ides set about to attack merciless and Bhimrao failed to drive homde advantage when well placed as had only the goalie to counteract.

Shetty shoi have brought Tatas on par whenie accepted a nice through pass Anwar but failed to direct the ball to an empty net with Sanjiva out his charge. Just before the inte Balan lost a glorious chance off pass from Braganza which he ds straight into Sanjiva. Tatas were arrears upto the interval.

On resumon, Trades attacked again, but se dangerous not to often raids arly brought results for Tatas. It ked as though a goal was scored en Balan intercepted a lofted shoty Anthony which the Trades defe failed to clear, and Balan sent right into goal and the referee awed a goal but disallowed it aftelinesman D. P. Puthran had flaggefor an infringement and on consulton, the refere L. Panton reversed hdecision.

Tatas h yet another chance of equalizingnd saving the match, but both Branza and Anthony shot wide in m. A few minutes before the end thony unfortunately for Tatas lost a positive sitte when he had onlyo beat Sanjivabut he sent in a tamshot which Sanjva just managed tsave with his leges outstretche

Mrs. M. Brand distributed the prizes.

The ams::

TRADS:—Sanjiva; Mnuel, Woodcock; Govind, Middlecoe, Narayen; Bhimra Parab, Lalb, Thomas, Maxie.

TATS:—Thingalaya; Papen (Jnr). Papen (Snr.) Damoda Krishnan, Anantham; Anthony, Awar, Shetty, Bragana, Balan.

Refere:—L. L. Panto

Patna Scores Ov Benares Hindu 'V'sity

PATTA, Sept. 18. (I): In the Inter Varsity Footbal Tournament, the Patna University ad an easy victory over Banaras Hindu University by four goals to0 in their reply match here toda

Patna University ll now meet the Allahabad Univsty tomorrow in the North Zone fl.

Governor Visi Club Of Maharatra

PNA, Sept. 18.

Bombay's sporting overnor, His Excellency Raja Maraj Singh visited the Club of Mahshtra today to perform the openingremony of the cricket pitch of the b.

Stop Press

DUTCHOVE

THE HAGUE, Se 18. (PTI-Reuter): The Dutch vernment announced tonight it "considering devaluation" of the Plep.

Banks and stock changes will be closed on Monday d Tuesday.

WORST IS T TO BE

LONDON, Sept. (PTI-Reuter): The decision to lov the rate of the pound is the biggeworld financial sensation since Bnn came off the Gold Standard in 1.

Its impact on irnational monetary markets will terrific.

The new rate isen slightly lower than the black rket rate. The price of a dollar Britons will now jump from just ler five shillings to seven shillingsd two pence.

INDI/RATE

INDIA 21 UNID STATES cents per rupee.

A.I.F.F. DENIES PERMISSION

Tour Of Far East By Indian Footballers

CLACUTTA, September 17, (PTI): Mr. Pankaj Gupta, Acting Honorary Secretary of the All India Football Federation said today that an Indian football team which was visiting the far east, shortly was not being sent by the All India Football Federation which, he said, had received no invitation from any quarter to send a representative side to tour the Far-East.

Mr. Gupta said that the Aryan Gymkhana of Bangalore had negotiated a tour in the Far-East this year who, after finalising all arrangements, approached A.I.F.F. for permission to make such a tour. The A. I. F. F. considered that the visit of an individual team to any foreign country should not be encouraged normally unless the team which had been invited had built up an outstanding reputation in the country.

Mr. Gupta added: "If however the Mysore State Football Association to which the Aryan Gymkhana is affiliated takes the entire responsibility in the matter of sending a team of the Aryan Gymkhana to the Far-East, the A. I. F. F. perhaps then will have no objection to grant the permission. But as it stands now the Federation regrets very much that on principle they are unable to grant permission to the Aryan Gymkhana to visit the Far-East".

MADAN BEATS MISRA IN STRAIGHT SETS

Calcutta Hard Court Tennis Final

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18, (PTI): K. B. Madan, 1947-champion won the men's open singles of the Calcutta Hard Court Tennis Tournament beating Sumant Misra, India's No. 1 and last year's champion in the final today by 6-4, 6-1.

Rajasthan Club Fixture With Burma XI

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18, (PTI): Mr B. P. Himatsingka, Honorary General Secretary of the Rajasthan Club, stated here tonight that the Club had received an invitation from the President of the Burma Athletic Association to play three exhibition football matches against All Burma Selected XI at Rangoon in aid of the "peace fund" sponsored by Thakin Nu the Premier of Burma.

MOTORMEN BEATEN, BUT PROTEST

Allege Referee Played Five Minutes Extra

BOMBAY, Sunday.

St. Francis Goans scoring in the last minute of play prevailed over General Motors in the first round of the Satiranjan Shield Tournament by a solitary goal at the St. Xavier's Ground Parel.

After the match the General Motors lodged a protest against certain decisions of referee Swaminathan on three points. Firstly they allege that the referee played five minutes extra time in the second half. Secondly play was carried on inspite of failing light. Thirdly the goal scored by St. Francis Goans was from an offside position.

The spectators were in an infuriated mood against the bad refereeing and at the end of the game they charged on the field to mob the referee who, however, was afforded police protection.

St. Francis Goans took the field with a marked degree of confidence which however was rudely shattered for their junior opponents were not to concede matters easily and made them fight all the way. It was only then that the Goans realised that they had stiff hurdle to over come in their rival and took things seriously to avoid being surprised by their opponents.

Play in the opening quarter was from end to end with each side indulging in wild and hard-kicking with little or no idea of constructive soccer. Sunder the General Motors deep defender often saved his side from many an awkward situation with his sound tackling and hefty clearances. The General Motors attack was more dangerous than their rivals and it was only against the brilliant stonewall defence of Walter D'Souza and St. Anne that their attempts at scoring were smashed.

The Goan missed scoring on two occasions in the first period. The first opportunity came when Assis Fernandes sent the ball over the crossbar from in front of the goalmouth and the other just before the interval C. Braganza was guilty of losing a glorious chance of giving his side the vital lead but he shot wide.

After the breather in the fifteenth minute Christopher foiled General Motors of a certain goal by effecting a brilliant save from a shot by Sawant from close in.

When a draw seemed imminent C. Braganza making amends for his earlier lape notched the winning goal when he rushed in and converted with a first timer a centre by Assis.

Earlier in the evening in the same competition Rashid S.C. did not have to exert themselves to dispose of St. Xavier's 'A' by three goals to nil. Immediately ofter the start Rashid's opened their account through. M. Dass to be followed in the fifteenth minute by Pursram. Just before the break Verghese added the third and final goal.

GEORGIAN CUP

Bhim Prakash swamped Azad Bhim by ten goals to nil in the Georgian Cup in the first match of the evening. Jesoo five, Laljit four and Rathod one were responsible for this debacle.

ISLAM GYMKHANA TABLE TENNIS

B.A. Laljee & Miss Dharap Impress In Mixed Doubles

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The first and second rounds of the mixed and the men's doubles events were decided this evening in the Islam Gymkhana Open table tennis tournament. Once again there were a number of walkovers today and there was not much to enthuse over the performances of the players in either event.

One of the formidable combinations in our table tennis that had only been recently been formed broke up in this tournament, and with disastrous results. Sampat and Somaya, who have been giving very good account of themselves in the doubles played with different partners in this tournament, and both of them lost in the second round. While Sampat teamed up with Joosab and lost to Bangera and Mahajan in four games, Somaya and Shroff went down to the leading combination of Dyer and Khanchand in three straight games.

B. A. Laljee was seen in good form this evening, when in partnership with Miss Suhasini Dharap they accounted in the most ridiculous manner for O. Dyer and Miss Indu Desai in two games. The winners entered the third round by defeating Motiwalla and Miss Silloo Motiwala in four games. In the men's doubles in partnership with Jayu Patkar, Badsha Laljee beat in the first round Amladi and Bhatkal 21—16, 23—21.

The following were the results:

MIXED DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: U. M. Chandarana and Miss P. K. Irani W/o N. J. Nensey and Partner; H. M. Khanchand and Miss J. Walawalkar beat J. Ezekiel and Miss M. Canteenwalla 21—11, 24—22;; S. L. Shroff and Miss D. C. Mistry W/o "C" pair; J. S. Patkar and Mrs. M. Bharucha beat D. N. Bhatkal and Miss R. Fernandes 21—9, 21—16; B. A. Laljee and Miss S. Dharap beat O. Dyer and Miss Indu Desai 21—9, 21—15; Miss K. Satarawalla and D. M. Kamath beat V. V. Prabhu and Miss P. C. Chinoy, 21—15, 21—14; I. R. Joosab and Miss Amina Joosab beat I.A. Laljee and Miss Kusum Lotwalla, 21—17, 21—19; S. N. Motiwalla and Miss Silloo Motiwalla W/o Kumar Ghosh and Mrs. Arpita Ghosh.

SECOND ROUND: U. M. Chandana and Miss P. K. Irani beat D. M. Kamath and Miss K. Satarawala 21—13, 21—5, 21—18; H. M. Khanchand and Miss Jaya Walawalkar beat S. L. Shroff and Miss Dhun Mistry, 19—21, 21—10, 22—20, 21—13; B. A. Laljee and Suhasini Dharap beat S. N. Motiwalla and Silloo Motiwalla, 23—21, 13—21, 21—17, 22—20; J. S. Patkar and Mrs. M. Barucha beat I. R. Joosab and Miss A. R. Joosab 21—15, 21—13, 21—18.

MEN'S DOUBLES

FIRST ROUND: U. M. Chandana and R. Khatau beat M. Chadda and S. Sodhi 21—10, 21—11; A. Dossa and F. Dossa W/o M. Tyebjee and A. Madraswala; K. R. Panjri and D. D. Walawalkar W/o "J" pair; I. A. Laljee and V. V. Prabhu W/o "G" pair; S. N. Motiwalla and V. M. Nadkarni W/o "B" pair; K. K. Karanjia and J. M. Joshi beat J. Sequeira and S. C. Mundanny 21—13, 21—18; B. A. Laljee and J. S. Patkar beat A. S. Amladi and D. N. Bhatkal 21—16, 23—21; U. S. Bangera and Y. M. Mahajan W/o K. Ghosh and P. S. Varde, I. R. Joosab and D. P. Sampat W/o A. T. Chaiwala and A. Munji; D. W. Kamath and N Radhakrishna W/o "P" pair; B. R. Baliga and S. B. Jog W/o A. V. Baakza and H. C. Jairajbhoy; V. D. Dalal and C. R. Kelkar beat S. Katkar and N. J. Nensey 21—15, 21—17; S. L. Shroff and D. Somaya beat K. P. Multani and R. T. Nathani 21—14, 21—12; H. M. Khanchand and O. Dyer W/o "A" pair; B, Ponchand and M. M. Dalvi beat J. Entriando and G. K. Kalambi 23—21, 21—19.

SECOND ROUND: U. M. Chandarana and R. Khatau beat A. Dossa and F. Dossa, 21—6, 21—13, 21—10; I. A. Laljee and V. V. Prabhu beat K. R. Panjri and D. D. Walawalkar 21—14, 21—15, 23—21; U. S. Bangera and Y. M. Mahajan beat I. R. Joosab and D. P. Sampat 21—19, 21—16, 10—21, 21—16; S. Motiwala and V. M. Nadkarni beat K. K. Karanjia and J. M. Joshi 21—15, 21—4, 21—7; O. Dyer and H. M. Khanchand beat S, L. Shroff and D. Somaya 21—14, 21—18, 21—11; B. P. Baliga and S. B. Jog beat D. M. Kamath and N. Radhakrishna 21—17, 21—14, 21—16; B. Poncha and M. M. Dalvi beat V. D. Dalal and C. N. Kelkar, 21—17, 21—13, 23—21.

WOMEN'S INTER-CLUB BADMINTON

Willingdon Sports Club & Bandra Gym. Win Easily

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Assisted by front-rank players, both Willingdon Sports Club and the Bandra Gymkhana scored easy victories over their opponents in the first round ties played this morning in the Lady Colville Cup Inter-Club badminton tournament for women.

The Willingdon S.C. represented by the "queen of Indian badminton" Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Miss Shashi Bhat, beat P. V. M. Gymkhana by two matches to nil. The following are the results:

Miss Mumtaz Chinoy (Willingdon S.C.) beat Mrs. Gool Nasikwala (P.V. M.) 11-1, 11-3; Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Miss Shashi Bhat (Willingdon S.C.) beat Miss Aloo Vimadalal and Miss Maki Canteenwala (P.V.M.), 15-7, 15-2.

In the other match the Bandra Gymkhana, for whom Mrs. N Lewis and Miss B. Farias played defeated Bombay Gymkhana by two straight matches. The following were the results:

Mrs. Nobina Lewis (Bandra Gym.) beat Mrs. R. Cuthbertson (Bombay Gym.), 11-2, 11-9; Mrs. Nobina Lewis and Miss Betty Farias (Bandra Gym.) beat Mrs. Cuthbertson and Mrs. Hillman (Bombay Gym.) 15-2, 15-1.

I.F.A. SHIELD FINAL IN CALCUTTA

The East Bengal team, the Calcutta Football League champions added yet another trophy to their collection when they completed the double by annexing the I.F.A. Shield when they beat holders Mohun Bagan team by two goals to nil in the final. The picture on the left shows the rival captains shaking hands before the kick-off. In the picture on the right M. Ghatak, the East Bengal goalie is seen making desperate attempts in foiling an attack of the Mohun Bagan forwards.

Swims Channel Both Ways

CALAIS, September 18, (PTI-Reuter: Egyptian army officer Hassan Abd El Rehim scrambled exhausted out of the water at Cap Gris Nez early today, the third man ever to have swum the English Channel in both directions.

Forty-one year old Hassan started from Folkestone, Kent, yesterday and made the crossing in fifteen hours. 58 minutes. He swam the channel from France to England last year in seventeen hours, 38 minutes.

Both previous swimmers to perform the double feat were British—E. H. Temme (1927 and 1934) and Tom Blower (1937 and 1948).

An 18-year old Dutch girl, Miss Tiny Jonker, who also set out from Folkestone yesterday in a channel bid, abandoned her attempt after becoming violently seasick. She said she would try again next year.

Woodcock Loses Right To European Title

ROME, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Bruce Woodcock, British heavyweight champion, has lost his right to the European title, the European Boxing Union decided at its meeting here today.

Olle Tandberg (Sweden) and Weidinger (Austria), were nominated to fight for the championship.

Requests for affiliation from Western Germany and the Saar were rejected by the Congress.

A four-nation committee, comprising representatives from Britain, the United States, France and Italy, was set up to study the possibilities of an agreement between Europe and the United States over world championship titles.

French "St. Leger" Won By Ciel Etoile

PARIS, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Baron Guy de Rothschild's Ciel Etoile won the £2,000 Prix Royal Oak, known as the French Saint Leger, over one mile seven furlongs at Longchamp today.

Ridden by Frederick Palmer, Ciel Etoile who was really in the race as pacemaker to stable companion Violoncelle, led from start to finish to win by half a length from Madame Matelevitch's Rantzau Rantzau.

Madame Volteara's Val Drake; five to two favourite, was a further half a length away, third of nine runners. Ciel Etoile, by Cranach out of Voute Celeste, was couple with Violoncelle in the betting and paid a win of 61 francs for a ten-franc stake. Place dividends were 57, 17 and 16 francs.

Violoncelle was fifth.

YOUNG ZOROASTRIANS ENHANCE CHANCES FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

Hat-tricks By Mantri And Vasant Raiji In Kanga Cricket League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A decisive victory in the Kanga Cricket League today over the Baronet Cricket Club which brought them five clear points have practically assured the Young Zoroastrians of the championship honours. With two more matches to go and very slender chances of defeat in either of them the Young Zoroastrian side occupy a position well worth being proud of. Bowlers seem to have monopolised the Kanga League this year and as proof of this once today the bowlers carried the day. Two hat-tricks were obtained during the course of the day's play. To the well-known wicket-keeper Mantri went the credit of obtaining one of them, and the other one was well deserved by Vasant Raiji.

In the Dadar Union —C.C.I. match, the latter got the veridict on the first inning by a narrow margin of four runs. Going in to bat first C. C.I. were all out for 84 runs. Mantri returned the excellent analysis of 12-3-3-22-7 which included a hat-trick. The Dadar side fell short by four runs when they went in to bat next. Mantri once again came into the limelight by scoring the highest score for his side (31). Bowling honours were shared by Tarapore and Ramchand, who captured five and four wickets respectively. The C.C.I. going in to bat for the second time ran up a total of 95 runs for the loss of three wickets at the close of play, thus winning the match on the first innings.

A hat-trick by Vasant Raiji for the Jolly Cricketers was the highlight of their match against the Maharashtra Young cricketers whom they beat on the first inning. After dismissing Maharashtra Young side for 74 runs, the Jolly piled up a total of 142 for seven wickets before applying closure. Uday Merchant and K. M. Bhatia were the chief scorers with unbeaten 55 and 60 respectively. Maharashtra Young held the fort in the second innings and when the stumps were drawn at the end of the day they had lost three wickets for 96 runs.

Playing without their star player P. R. Umrigar, the Young Zoroastrians strengthened their chances further for the championship when they beat the Baronet Cricket Club outright to gain the valuable five points. Young Zoroastrians scored 73 runs in the first innings and were skittled out for 30 runs in the second. The bowler responsible for the damage was none other than the consistent B. R. Irani who returned the amazing analysis of 12 wickets for 57 runs in the two innings combined. Baronet were all out for 48 runs in each of the innings, thus losing by seven runs on the total.

The following were th eresults:—

CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA BEAT DADAR UNION S.C. ON FIRST INNINGS: C.C.I. 84 (R. V. Arte not out 15, M. K. Mantri 12-3-32-7 including a hat-trick, Amladi 12-4-31-3) and 95 for 3 wkts. (Ramchand not out 33, K. Bose not out 36) Dadar Union S.C 80 (Mantri 31, Ramchand 16-3-55-4, Tarapore 11-3-21-5).

JOLLY CRICKETERS BEAT MAHARASHTRA YOUNG CRICKETERS ON FIRST INNINGS: Maharashtra YC 74 (G Naik not out 36, V Rathi 9-3-21-4 including a hat-trick Gaiendrasingh 14-3-19-6) and 96 for 3 (Baliga not out 34) Jolly C. 142 for 7 wkts. declared (Uday Merchant not out 55, K. M Bhatia 60).

YOUNG ZOROASTRIANS BEAT BARONET C.C: Young Zoroastrians 73 (P Poddar 32, B. R. Irani 19-4-37-6, Madon 10-3-12-4) and 30 (B. R. Irani 14-4-20-6 Madon 8-1-5-3). Baronet C.C. 48 (D B Satha 17, M. Raikotwala 14-3-22-6) and 48 (Rajkotwala 8-7-2-2-3, Shroff 5-0-19-3).

DADAR HINDU GYMKHANA BEAT BOMBAY GYMKHANA ON FIRST INNINGS: Dadar Hindu Gym. 133 (Jayasia not out 55, R. A Smith 14-6-25-7) and 39 for 2 declared. Bombay Gymkhana 72 (Sawant 20, V S Patil 9-1-29-6) and 87 for 6.

PORT VIJAY CC BEAT HINDU GYMKHANA ON FIRST INNING: Hindu Gym 105 for 9 dec. (H G. Kanadia 4 for 41) and 94 for 3 (V. Pandit 30, N D Ved 3 for 50) Port Vijay CC 177 for 9 dec (H G Kapadia 67, V Merchant 51, K H Johnson 4 for 52, M S Gupte 4 for 42).

SUNDER CRICKET CLUB BEAT ISLAM GYMKHANA ON 1ST INN.

Islam Gym. 91 (M. M. Mohiudin 30, D. G. Phadkar 4 for 46, Shankar 3 for 31) and 159 for 9 (K. C. Kassam 48, M. M. Mohiudin 39, S K. Ratansey not out 30, Phadkar 4 for 55). Sunder C. C. 177 (Abraham 39, Phadkar 33, G. S. Wagh 31, A. A. Hakim 4 for 36).

NARPAT SINGH WINS W.I. SQUASH TITLE FOR FOURTH SUCCESSIVE YEAR

Professional Title Won By Abdul Bari: Princess Abida Sultan Claims Women's Event

Bombay, Sunday.

Rajkumar Narpat Singh annexed the Western India Men's Singles Squash Championship for the fourth time in succession this evening at the C.C.I. Squash Courts. Major K. C. Anand put up a brave fight against his seasoned opponent and was rather unlucky to have lost the initial game, as he bagged the next two with considerable ease.

The first game in this men's singles encounter was particularly interesting. Narpat Singh was down 6-0, but taking advantage of his service he gained two points and then Anand brought over another recovery scoring two more and it seemed as though he was going to finish the game, but the master strategy of the great Narpat veered the game round in his favour for him to claim the game at 10-8. Narpat lost the next two games at 4-9 and 6-9.

The third game was particularly replete with long drawn out rallies in which the staying power of Major Anand triumphed, but Narpat with his change of tactics in the next two games won with considerable ease. Narpat decided on lobbing on his opponents backhand, to which Major Anand seemed out of position and this broke him up. Narpat had a hard fought battle to claim the Jasdenwalla Trophy for the fourth time in succession.

Princess Abida Sultan beat Miss S. D. Billimoria in the final of the Women's Singles to deprive her of the title which she claimed last year. The Princess is particularly pleasing to watch in the way she executes her back hand strokes on which side she is strong. She won in straight games.

The Professional Singles drawn much interest as the standard of Squash is high and the pace set by them was tremendously fast. Abdul Bari lost the third game to Jamal Din of Deolali after winning the first two easily. The second game was a love game and he won the fourth again very easily. Jamal Din was the holder of the Professional Singles title.

The Juniors Singles which was conducted for the first time in this tournament was won by young Madhav Apte, who shows promise of gaining top rank in a few years time. He has developed his game on the right lines and has the ability to consistentiv continue his good work. He was the first claimant of the Naval Tata Challenge Cup beating Shiraz Mecklai easily in three straight games.

Major General D S. Brar, Commander, Bombay Area presided and destributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES (final)
(Holder: Narpat Singh).
Narpat Singh beat Major K. C. Anand 10-8, 4-9, 8-9, 9-5, 9-4.

WOMEN'S SINGLES (final)
(Holder: Miss S. D. Billimoria)
Princess Abida Sultan beat Miss S. Billimoria 9-5, 9-3, 9-4.

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES (final)
(Holder: Jamal Din)
Abdul Bari beat Jamal Din 9-4, 9-0, 5-9, 9-3.

JUNIORS SINGLES (final)
Madhav Apte beat Shiraj Mecklai 9-6, 9-2, 9-0.

Miss Darukhanawala Wins Time Trial Cycle Race

BOMBAY, Sept. 18, (PTI): Miss Dinoo Darukhanawala won the Two-Miles Cycle Race (Time Trial) for women held this morning by the National Cyclists' Federation of India.

The race started opposite the University Clock-tower and consisted of two rounds around the Oval grounds.

Miss Darukhanawala returned a timing of six minutes thirty seconds and was followed by Miss Dulcie Wythe after an interval of sixteen seconds. Miss Piloo Gimi finished third.

INDIAN GYMNASTICS GREATLY APPRECIATED IN GERMANY

Our Lingiad Team Presents "Mallakhamb" Apparatus To Cologne College

COLOGNE, Sept. 18, (PTI):

THE Indian Lingiad team organised by the Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal, Amraoti which arrived in Cologne (Germany) on September 10 participated in the Diamond Jubilee Celebrations and Sports Festivals of the Sports Club of Bergisch-Gladbach, 12 miles from Cologne, and gave two displays on September 10 and 11.

Dr. Carl Diem, Physical Culture professor in the College of Physical Education, Cologne, and Mrs. Diem gave a banquet in honour of the Indian team when Professor Dr. Diem said it was his opinion that Indian Gymnastics had a scientific foundation and flowed from natural movements. He added that he would introduce some of them such as "mallakhamb", in his College of Physical Education.

Thanking the hosts and Dr. Diem, Mr. H. V. Deshpande, Chief Organiser of the Indian Lingiad team, announced the gift of a 'mallakhamb" and other apparatus of Indian Gymnastics to the College of Physical Education of Cologne.

The Indian team proceeded to Wiesbaden and Stuttgart while Mr Deshpande stayed to hold important discussions with Dr. Diem and others on physical education. The team will visit Switzerland also.

The team arrived in Hamburg on September 6 and began its German tour from Flensburg, where its displays were arranged in German National Hall with great success. Mr. Medau, a well-known exponent of German Gymnastics, welcomed the Indian team at Sports College and expressed great appreciation for Indian Gymnastics. The Lord Mayor of Flensburg welcoming the Indian team eulogised its work at Lingiad Sports Festival and International Youth Camp.

In Hamburg the institute of Physical Education and Culture of Hamburg University was in charge of the Indian team's displays.

Earlier the Indian team had visited Denmark from August 29 to Septem-

Wightman Cup Should Be Open To All Nations

LONDON, September 18, (PTI-Reuter):— Hammering received by British girls in the Wightman Cup Lawn Tennis International against the United States last weekend has prompted suggestions that the event should be thrown open for world competition.

Suffering their thirteenth successive defeat Britain failed to win even one set. The overwhelming superiority of the hard-hitting Americans in the last decade makes it clear that something must soon be done to save the tournament from becoming a farce.

Some tennis writers in Britain strongly advocate a halt in the series until such time as Britain can develop strong enough talent to put a team on court with at least an even chance of success.

Correspondent of the London 'Evening News' writes "it is surely only right that the women of France, Belgium, Holland, South Africa, Australia and India should be given a chance to see what they can do against the all-conquering Americans".

One of the main objections to making the cup a worldwide competition concerns the question of expense and transporting the teams. The "evening news" writer suggests that one way to surmount this difficulty would be to play the ties at Wimbledon in the week following the championships as all the world's leading women players would be in London.

The team that came through the preliminary competition could then proceed to the United States to challenge the Americans.

There are many who think it is time the women had their own "Davis Cup" competition.

In the Day's Sport

BADMINTON

P. V. M. Gymkhana

5-30 p.m. University of Bombay vs. Willingdon Sports Club. (Lady Colville Cup).

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-30 p.m. Navy Combined vs. Burmah Shell (Rovers Cup—Replay).

St. Xavier's College Ground. Parel

3-30 p.m. Don Bosco "A" vs. Ahmed Sailor H.S.

4-30 p.m. Khatau S C vs Mazagaon Docks (H.V.M. Cup).

5-30 p.m Indian Gymkhana vs. Asbestos Cment (Second Division Harwood League).

TABLE TENNIS

Islam Gymkhana

6 p.m. Men's Singles (third round of upper half)

R

SALE OF POHA

CARDHOLDERS in the Bombay Rationed Area can now obtain Pohas on the basis of 2 lbs. per month per Head of Family's food grains, ration card at the rate of Rs. 0-6-3 per lb. Pohas will be available at the following Government Grain Shops only:—

Bombay City Government Grain Shops Nos 6, 9, 15, 16, 17, 19, 23, 25, 28, 50, 65, 67, 74, 81, 90, 101, 105, 111, 123, 124, 137, 144, 146, 148, 149, 151, 160, 172, 156, 225, 241 and 242.

Bombay Suburban District Government Grain Shops Nos:—93, 102, 202, 204, 205, 206, 213 and 232.

TORONTO STEAMER TRAGEDY

Over 200 Believed Dead

TORONTO, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): Hundreds of rescuers after an all-night search were today still looking for bodies in the 6,905-ton Canadian holiday cruise ship "Noronic", which was swept by fire in dock here yesterday.

Authorities believe that more than 200 holiday-makers—mostly Americans—perished in the disaster.

Scores of bodies bearing the label "burned beyond recognition" were in the mortuary.

Dominion and city authorities have begun investigating the fire which turned the steamer into an inferno.

More than 400 passengers and crew fought and scrambled to safety through flames that turned the 31-year-old "Noronic" into a blackened hulk.

Grief stricken survivors were today still walking down lines of charred bodies, vainly trying to identify relatives and friends.

Police said exact casualty figures would not be known until submerged parts of the steamer could be searched for additional victims.

STEAM & MINING
EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.
101, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.
REPRESENTATIVES
FOR
"ABERDARE"
POWER & TELEPHONE CABLES.
"G. P. DENIS"
L.T. SWITCH FUSE GEAR
"LINE EQUIPMENT"
H.T. OUTDOOR ISOLATING SWITCHES, HRC LIQUID FUSES
"E.M.P. ELECTRIC"
H.T. & L.T. LIGHTNING ARRESTERS
Calcutta Custom House Clearing Agents, Enquiries Solicited.
(1)

DR. SAHA'S CALL TO SCIENTISTS

Help The Government Solve Problems

CALCUTTA Sept. 18. (P. T. I.).

THE eminent scientist Dr. Meghnad Saha today asked the scienists to take part in solving the current problems of the day.

It would not do, he said, if the scientists, who were interested in the future of the country, simply retired in their laboratories "We must spend our time in laboratories, but at the same time if we do not take part in tackling the burning questions of the day, the country would be thrown into a great disaster."

Dr. Saha was addressing the fourteenth annual meeting of the Indian Science News Association held here at the University College of Science. Dr. D. M. Bose, one of the Vice-Presidents of the Association, presided.

MUDDLE

Dr. Saha regretted that the recommendation made by them in the journal of the Association "Science and Culture" some time ago with regard to planning on scientific lines by setting up a national planning commission, had not been accepted by the G overnment." Instead of proceeding on right lines," Dr. Saha said, "Government are muddling in almost all the undertakings which they have taken up.

"It is true that we have achieved independence after many years and some mistakes at the initial stage are natural. But I hope that they will realise their mistakes in not setting up the planning commission. As a matter of fact, if they had accepted the suggestions made by the Association's journal, we would not have the financial depression with which we are faced today all over the country."

DISAPPOINTING

Dr. Saha said that from the impressions which he had obtained through the tour and inspection of the Universities in India as a member of the University Commission, he was not very hopeful about the future. Independent India required newer types of education, new set up and new outlook. The number of Universities was growing up, but neither the quality nor the quantity had improved. They required more scientists, more technicians, engineers and above all a better organisation for research work, Dr. Saha added.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 18, (PTI): The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh received the Dowager Ranisaheb of Jamkhandi.

His Excellency received Mr. and Mrs. H. J. H. Taleyarkhan.

The Hon. Mr. Tapase, the Hon. Dr. Keskar and Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Kothawala came to lunch.

His Excellency visited the Club of Maharashtra, Tilak Road to perform the opening ceremony of the cricket pitch.

Stage Set For Kashmir National Conference

SRINAGAR, Sept. 18, (PTI): Scores of labourers and National Conference volunteers are working day and night speeding up the elaborate arrangements for the coming annual session of the All Jammu and Kashmir National Conference which will be inaugurated by Prime Minister Pandit Nehru.

Arrangements are being made to accommodate over 50,000 people who will attend the session. Pandit Nehru will address the session from a rostrum specially made for the occasion.

About 660 elected delegates representing the whole of the State, including the Himalayan regions of Ladakh, Kargil and Shyok will attend the conference. Besides the delegates, over 2,000 guests from different parts of Kashmir valley and Jammu will also participate in the session.

A special Reception Committee under the Deputy Prime Minister, Bhakshi Ghulam Mohamed has been set up to house and feed the guests.

From India, besides Pandit Nehru, Maulana Azad, Gopalswamy Ayyangar, Dr. Ambedkar, Sardar Baldev Singh, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, General Cariappa and Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces, will attend the conference.

Pandit Nehru is expected to be in Srinagar for three days.

BHOPAL TO EFFECT ECONOMY

Devlopment Schemes Shelved

BHOPAL, Sept. 18, (PTI): The Government of Bhopal has been considering steps to effect a saving in expenditure following the Government of India's advice to all provincial Governments to economise in view of the general "financial stringency", it is learnt.

An Economy Committee set up for the purpose has already had four sittings and is said to have decided temporarily to hold in abeyance the five-year development schemes recently submitted by various departments.

It is understood that the Government of Bhopal will ask the Government of India for a subsidy to enable them to take up essential development schemes.

No New Rice Mill In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 18, (PTI.): Mr. A. B. Shetty, Minister for Agriculture, said in a broadcast speech here last night, that the Madras Governmen had decided to prevent the opening of new rice mills in future in the Province.

This step, he said, was being taken to discourage people from using machine-polished rice which deprived the cereal of its nutritive content.

"Encouraging people to use hand-pounded and under-milled rice", he said, "will make the existing supplies of rice go further and also secure a more balanced diet.

The Minister emphasised that people should cut down their rice consumption and take to vegetables, fruit, meat and other subsidiary food.

REVISED FOOD PLAN.

Referring to the two-year "revised" food plan of the Madras Government to be implemented from now onwards, the Minister said Government expected a net additional production of 5,70,000 tons of food grains during this year and about 7,32,000 tons during th next year.

He estimated the cost of the revised food plan at Rs. 21,00,00,000 out of which a sum of Rs. 17,50,00.500 was recoverable from the ryots by sales of manures, seeds and hire-charges of tractors and pump-sets. The balance would be shared by the Provincial and Central Governments.

U. S. LOAN BACKED BY BRITAIN

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18 (PTI).—Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Deputy Speaker of the Parliament, said today that a loan from the United States on a "Government level, on the security of India's sterling balances and repayment guaranteed by United Kingdom would promote our economic interests."

Mr. Ayyangar. who was commenting on the recent dollar talks at Washington, said in a statement that while Sir Stafford Cripps appeared to be satisfied over the ten-point programme, how far the programme would help India needed careful scrutiny. He said there had been no direct talks with India and there was no indication even of India's indirect representation with the United Kingdom as its spokesman.

News BRIEFS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, said here today that his party was determined to instal a workers' raj within the next few years.

Mr. Narayan, who was addressing a big gathering of Bombay port and dock workers, said that the Congress by aligning itself with the capitalists had lost all claims to being the protector of the masses.

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. Narayan Kalelkar, General Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union, has called open all the college and school students of Bombay to observe a strike on Tuesday September 25 in sympathy with the students of the I.S.T. Institute.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS BODY

The Public Accounts Committee is due to meet in New Delhi from September 21 to 25, and again from October 6 to 8.

SATISFACTION

The recognition given by the Indian Constituent Assembly to Kashmir as a provincial language, has caused wide satisfaction in Kashmir's political and literary circles.

OF WOMEN

The Ahmedabad police force is being strengthened by women constables and head constables. The new women police force will detect crimes committed by women, recover abducted women and look after women passengers.

INTUC CLAIM

Mr. Harihar Nath Shashtri, General Secretary of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, in the course of an interview at Lucknow on Sunday claimed that his organisation at present had a membership of 14 lakhs. He added that the membership of the organisation had increased by three lakhs since the Indore session of the INTUC in May last.

FIBRE PROSPECTS

..The prospect of additional ..fibre yield from this year's jute crop is not stated to be particularly good by reports received from the main jute growing areas in West Bengal, Bihar Assam and Orissa. A 20 to 30 per cent damage to the standing crop is believed to have been caused by the unprecedented heavy rains during the first two weeks of May, says a bulletin issued by the Publicity Officer Indian Central Jute Committee.

RIVER PROJECTS AND MALARIA

Dr. Dakshinamurti, Deputy Director. Malaria Institute of India, addressed a meeting of prominent officials and non-officials Cuttack on Sunday on the problem of Malaria, with special reference to projects like the Hirakud Dam Project. Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, Minister for Development, Orissa, presided over the meeting.

ORISSA'S NEW CAPITAL

The Orissa Assembly will meet on October 10 at the new capital, Bhubaneswar, says an official announcement.

MR. SHANKERRAO DEV

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress will be arriving in Agra on October 2, in connection with the Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations. He will also address a public meeting at Ramlila Ground.

PORTABLE TIMBER BUNGALOWS

New Building Technique Developed

One thousand "pre-cut" bungalows—as distinct from pre-fabricated—are being shaped at a British factory to provide homes for railway employees in Victoria (Australia).

Described as a kind of Meccano house-building set, the timber bungalows will come off the wood working machines ready for assembly. The only prefab units are doors, window frames and cupboards, so that very little shipping space is required. The floor boards will, in fact, be used as crates to save both space and packaging material.

The bungalows are to be supplied in two, three, and four-bedroom types; the basic design has two bedrooms with an overall floor area of 24 by 36 feet, but additional bedrooms can be added as required. They are intended as permanent homes, and first deliveries in Australia are expected to take place this autumn.

The firm has also built another type of portable building: an all-steel schoolroom, light, airy and cool, destined for Tasmania. This system of construction has hitherto been used only on small buildings such as garages and sheds. The prototype of the building, which is 24 by 24 feet, was erected by five men in three days.

SAM'S NEW 3-JET BOMBER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—A three-jet ground support bomber identified as the Martin XB-51 was announced today by the National Military Establishment.

Ground and taxi-ing tests will be made shortly. Expected flight performance details are secret.

Outstanding feature of the bomber is the arrangement of its engines, two of which are mounted on pylons below the cockpit,-with the third in the tail.

Wings of the XB-51 are swept back at an angle of 35 degrees and have a span of about 55 feet.

FEAR OF WORLD HUNGER

(Continued from page 4.)

After years research workers have now produced varieties more resistant to rust than any before. Modern science can hardly fail to produce still more drought and disease-resistant varieties of wheat suitable for still drier regions.

SOIL CONSERVATION

A great difficulty about expansion into the dry regions is the liability to soil erosion; soil drifting where the rainfall is less than 12 inches per annum, gully erosion when it is more. Undeniably, much land has been lost in this way; in many cases, however, not beyond hope of recovery. Methods of prevention and cure are known, and the Food and Agriculture Organisation reports that the importance of soil conservation is being increasingly realised, though progress is not infrequently retarded by shortage of staff and materials.

VALUE OF GRASS

One of the most important agents in conservation and rehabilitation is grass, which is just as valuable in the dry regions of the world as in the wet. As with wheat when it was pushed into dry regions, so with grass; the first step is to find suitable varieties, then by selection and breeding to improve them. Since these dry regions are used more for grazing than for cropping, it is necessary to find grasses or leguminous plants suitable not only for soil conservation but also for grazing. Active research on this subject is in progress in the U.S.A., Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and elsewhere.

The Australian work on range improvement has been summarised recently by Dr. Trumble in his book "Blades of Grass", but the excellent work of Dr. Pole Evans in South Africa is not as well known as it deserves to be. He has searched the dry regions of Africa for drought-resistant grasses and found a number that are good both for grazing and soil conservation. His collection is planted near Pretoria, and it is greatly to be hoped that the necessary breeding and selection work can be carried out. Proper management of the grazing is, of course, essential.

PROBLEMS OF TROPICS

The tropics contain large areas of land capable of producing much more food than at present, but they present special and often very difficult problems, not only technical, but human as well.

In the wet Tropics, plantation crops—tea, rubber, palm oil, etc.—grown under British or Western European supervision have given considerable knowledge of the scientific and technical problems involved, and shown the need for treating the region as a whole, i.e. putting the permanent crops on the high ground which is subject to leaching and erosion, and the annual crops, such as swamp rice, on the low ground. The proposed UNESCO survey of the forestal regions of the Amazon valley, if carried out, should show how this vast region could ultimately be utilised.

The African savannah regions of seasonal rainfall are already being developed for oil seeds and other tropical crops, and this work has been helped greatly by the modern insecticides which enable noxious insects, tsetse fly and others, to be controlled. The disc plough and modern large implements have made large-scale operations possible, and though difficulties still remain, they are likely to be more on the human than on the technical side.

INTENSIFIED CULTIVATION

There is, however, greater scope for increased food production by intensifying cultivation of existing land. More than half the world's food producers are working on very primitive methods and obtaining very poor yields. The old medieval grain-fallow system, discarded here in the 18th century, is still widely practised in the peasant countries, with other systems equally inefficient. We doubled our yields when a proper rotation was substituted and livestock husbandry fused with arable husbandry, and further, the way was opened up for greater intensification.

Considerable increases could undoubtedly be obtained by similar methods in the peasant countries. There are, of course, difficulties, both technical and political; they include the provision of a proper system of land tenure, of education, of buildings, roads, water and farming appliances; particularly some measure of industrialisation to take redundant people off the land and set them to produce the appliances the farmer needs.

Before the war Czechoslovakia and Poland had both gone well on the way to do this. In India the experimental farms regularly obtain at least double the neighbouring peasants' yields. Even in our own country the most progressive farmers obtain well above the average outputs of comparable land. Once a suitable system is devised and responsive varieties of crops and stock found, the biggest advances can be expected from a fuller and better use of fertilisers. Their consumption is greatly increasing, but only a few countries as yet make adequate use of them.

FARM LOSSES

Finally, there are still great losses of crops and animals on the farm, and of produce between the farm and the consumer's table. Various estimates have been made of the losses involved, some little more than intelligent guesses, but others, such as the short life of a milking cow in the herd, are based on ascertained facts. The total is impressive. Fortunately great efforts are now being made to reduce these losses, and the recent addition of biochemistry to the list of sciences aiding agriculture, which has already given us selective weed-killers, tomato-sett. hormones, oestrogens, anti-biotics etc., promises still further achievents.

There is no reason complacency, but certainly none despair; and with intelligence award work the food problem for ogeneration can be solved. All the me the shrill sensationalism of so of the pessimistic writers will se a useful purpose if it arouses a lespread determination to keep ewen meagre allowance of agricultu land as near-

—(Fro "Agriculture".

—(From: "Agricultu, the Journal of the Bah Ministry of Agriculture.)

U.P. BLAMES THE CENTRE

Suar Muddle

LUCKNW, Sept. 18, (PTI): An official spesman of the United Provinces Government said today that the Provincial Government's order of gust 26 freezing sugar in factories is not responsible for the sugar cri in the country.

He said that on August 27 the very next day ter freezing, the Government of Ia was informed on the telephone about it. Subsequently, more than once the Government of India was asked to say what arrangements it would ? to make for allotting sugar to er provinces.

"We told the Government of India", the spokesman added, "clearly that we were pared to send any amount of sugar any part of the country if it could o let us know, and we were waiting for its instructions which actually did not come to us."

The spokesman said that it was for the Governm of India and the respective provincial Governments to take necess steps and not to criticise the U Government which saved the nation by taking prompt steps to secure ar cheaper price through consumers co-operative societies".

E. BENGL MIGRANTS' PBLEMS

Dr. Pal Us United Effort

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18, (PTI): Dr. Radha Binode P, a former Judge of the International Military Tribunal for the Far-East said here today that the problem of the refugees from Pakistan was of gigantic magnitude to which there was no parallel in the history of the world.

Presiding over the East Bengal Refugee Confere, Dr. Pal said that those, who had to to West Bengal as refugees had to do not to seek undue favour from the Government or the people of dia. They had rightful claims on his country. The Indian Governme had also some duties to perform wards those, who were still in Paki. The refugees on their part, sho organise themselves to solve the problems.

NEW
GOOD YEAR GIANTS
GOOD YEAR
WITH
5
NEW FEATURES
THAT MAKE
THEM BETTER
1. LARGER TYRES
More air capacity — Flatter tread for gter mileage — Cooler running
2. TWO TREAD DESIGNS
A. W. T. for maximum traction — S-R for maximum mileage
3. BODY OF HIGHEST GRADE MATERIAL
Each ply of cord is insulated with pure rubber — Greatest bruise resisting tyre ever manufered
4. PROVED BY TEST
Lower cost per mile than any other t— Able to withstand most severe conditions India
5. COSTS NO MORE
These two brand new Giant Tyres can be chased at no extra cost
See them at your nearest GOODYEAR Dealer
GOOD YEAR
NO.126

NOW IN A NEW PACK
MAY & BAKER
TRADE MARK
MAY & BAKER (INDIA) LTD. BOMBAY • CALCUTTA • MADRAS • LUCKNOW

ONE DOSE
Relieves
INDIGESTION
Experience for yourself how ONE DOSE of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder will relieve the distressing symptoms of painful INDIGESTION and forms of DIGESTIVE TROUBLE such as ACIDITY, HEARTBURN, NAUSEA, FLATULENCE, STOMACH PAIN, BILIOUSNESS. This WORLD famous remedy brings quick and definite relief because it is a PERFECTLY BALANCED formula. But be sure to ask for MACLEAN *BRAND* STOMACH POWDER which is only genuine if signed "Alex. C. Maclean."

MACLEAN Brand Stomach Powder
Alex. C. Maclean

REVIEW OF THE 7-WEEK SESSION OF ASSEMBLY

Several Important Decisions Made

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18. (PTI).

THE seven-week session of the Constituent Assembly which ended today amidst cries of "Bharat Mata ki Jai" was noted for many outstanding decisions including those on the alternative name for India, the Union language and the definition of citizenship.

Other decisions related to compulsory acquisition of property and compensation, the distribution of revenues between the Centre and the States, delimitation of the legislative powers in the three lists, the Union, the State and Concurrent, the composition of the Upper Chambers in the states, the powers of the Upper House in the Centre, emergency powers of the President of the Union, provisions relating to Public Service Commissions for Unions and states, and reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes and tribes in the Lower Houses of the states and Union.

The definition of citizenship was covered in five articles and was decided early in the session. Provisions governing evacuees from Pakistan and Indians abroad proved a big hurdle, but the composite articles were finally adopted unanimously.

Language Quarrel

The question of the Union language was a subject of protracted negotiations behind the scenes and the Congress Party was at one time evenly divided on the issue, mainly over numerals.

Protagonists of Devanagari numerals and those of international numerals appeared to be committed to an irrevocable stand, but an eleventh-hour compromise averted a division of the House. Finally it was agreed that the official language will be Hindi in Devanagari script and the form of numerals will be the international.

For fifteen years English will be used, but the President may, during the period, authorise the use of Hindi in addition to English for any official purpose and of Devanagari numerals in addition to the international kind. After fifteen years, Parliament will legislate on the use of the English language and of Devanagari numerals.

The alternative name for India, Bharat, was accepted by the House without opposition, but speakers urged that greater emphasis should be laid on the name Bharat.

Compensation

Among other controversial issues which were resolved, was that of compensation and compulsory acquisition of property. Two months of labour and consultation yielded a compromise draft by Mr. K. M. Munshi, which provided that "no person shall be deprived of his property save by authority of law and no property shall be taken possession or acquired unless that law provides for compensation and fixes the amount of compensation, specifying the principle and the manner in which compensation should be determined."

The clauses of the article which rendered the present zamindari legislation in United Provinces, Bihar and Madras non-justiciable were severely criticised and equally vigorous replies justifying them weire made by Prime Minister Nehru, the U. P. Premier and Mr. Munshi.

President's Powers

The House determined what the emergency powers of the President should be. The president can assume to himself all the functions of the Government of a state in the event of failure of the constitutional machinery. This is in addition to the provision that following a proclamation of a state of emergency by the President, the Union executive power will extend to giving directions to a state. He will have the power to modify the financial arrangements between the Provinces and the Centre. The proclamation period will last for two months and Parliament can then extend it, if necessary.

Salt Tax

While the House was discussing the provisions relating to the distribution of revenues between the Centre and states, the constitutional bar on the levy of salt tax which was sougnt to be provided in the constitution evoked a heated debate as the Drafting Committee desired the deletion of it.

While the provision was insisted upon on sentimental grounds, the Drafting Committee based their arguments on the principle that they should not bind the future.

They also pointed out that if there was a constitutional ban, Government would have no power to deal with foreign imports of salt and internal monopoly. The House accepted these arguments.

Stamp and excise duties are to be levied by the Union, but collected and appropriated by the states. Income tax revenue is to be shared between the Centre and the states. The export duty on jute will be shared between the Centre and the states concerned for only ten years. Power has been given to the states to levy taxes on professions, trades and business for the benefit of local bodies; the maximum limit prescribed being Rs. 250 a year.

Tax On Papers

The legality of tax on newspapers was raised when the House was discussing the legislative powers of the Union and states and concurrent powers, but the point of order questioning the legality was ruled out by the President as untenable. After two days' debate, the Constituent Assembly agreed to place the entry relating to tax on newspaper advertisements and sale and purchase of newspapers in the Union list. The House decided the Union, State and Concurrent lists expeditiously.

The composition of the Upper Chambers in the states, the powers and functions of the Upper House in the Centre, the reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes and tribes, the creation of autonomous districts for tribes in Assam, and the establishment of tribal advisory councils for scheduled areas were also some of the contentious issues decided by the House to the satisfaction of the parties concerned.

A Legal Tussle

A legal tussle took place over the use of the phrase "due process of law" in place of "in accordance with the procedure established by law," in the article relating to the power of the executive to detain a person without trial. The House, however, decided to retain the latter phraseology, but provided for certain safeguards in the light of the criticisms.

To ensure the integrity of the services, elaborate provisions relating to the Public Service Commission were adopted.

The Constituent Assembly during the session also passed two important bills amending the Government of India Act. One, moved by Dr. Ambedkar, sought to end the 175-year-old connection with the judicial committee of the Privy Council and to achieve the autonomy of Indian judiciary by investing complete appellate jurisdiction in the Federal Court in the interim period.

The second, moved by Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, empowered the Dominion Legislature of India to make laws with respect to the custody and management of evacuee property throughout India and invested the executive with the necessary authority.

Left-Overs

Outstanding matters left over for the next session are the transitory provisions and the chapter relating to the Indian States. An article concerning minority rights in the services is also likely to evoke some discussion when the House meets again in the first week of October.

In all the controversial subjects which were disposed of in the current session, the principle that governed the attitude of the Drafting Committee is claimed to be one of reconciliation of various viewpoints in order to achieve as much unanimity as possible.

MISCHIEF IN KARACHI

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 18: Much propaganda appears to be carried on all over Western Pakistan arousing the feelings of Muslims regarding Kashmir.

Walls in the Pakistan capital are now literally covered with posters and writings in Urdu asking Muslims to be prepared for sacrifice in Kashmir, join the forces for a 'jehad' in Kashmir and to "fight a war against India."

MEETINGS BANNED IN AHMEDABAD

Efforts To Meet Mill Satyagraha

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 18.

The District Magistrate of Ahmedabad has promulgated an order under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code banning processions and meetings in Ahmedabad Municipal limits and the mill area. This is believed to be in view of the impending satyagraha at the gates of the City Mill scheduled for Monday, September 19.

The satyagraha is sponsored by the Socialists and is in protest against the closure of the City Mill. Tomorrow batches of five millworkers will post themselves in front of the mill; if they are arrested, another batch will follow. Over 150 workers, both men and women, are said to have volunteered for the satyagraha.

A conference of police officers called by the District Superintendent of Police today discussed the steps to be taken to deal with the situation.

Meanwhile, the Communists have issued a pamphlet, apparently with a view to exploiting the situation.

Security Demand From Press

PURULIA, Sept. 18, (UPI): The Government of Bihar have demanded a security deposit of Rs. 2,000 from the keeper of the Bharati Press for publishing a pamphlet entitled "Sangram."

THE ACTING RAJPRAMUKH

On the departure of His Highness the Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanagar to Geneva en route to New York, His Highness the Maharaja of Dharangadhra was sworn in on September 13, as the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra.

Fabulous Pirate Treasure In Seychelles Likely To Be Found Soon: The Search Is On

MAHE (Seychelles), Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter).

THE British Government has consented to official aid being given to three Britons in search of a 90-million sterling pirate treasure protected by a legendary "hidden guardian."

The treasure-hunters seek the fabulous wealth of 18th century French pirate La Beuze, blocked in a cave here, with the aid of a secret copy of the chart which he threw from the gallows in 1730 with the shout "find it who can."

The searchers are Mr. R. H. Wilkins, a hunter from East Africa, Mr. M. F. Morgan, Barrister, and Colonel D. M. Hennessey, retired Indian Army officer. They have blasted through the cave's rock roof in several places, but are facing the danger of explosion from escaping gas, thought to be from whale oil.

INDICATION OF GOLD

Their diving instruments have indicated gold and precious stones, and also the poison gases which may be the "hidden guardian" of the loot.

The pirate king, hanged at Reunion Island, warned of "mysterious dangers" to all who sought his treasure.

The three Britons are working behind barbed wire and say they have divined an entirely new cavern with several entry tunnels. They are helped by nurses and armed guards and use gas masks.

Bee Signs—common pirate symbol because bees kill intruders on their preserves—have been found guarding the gold, chalices, doubloons and jewels looted from ships plying the Indian Ocean trade routes in the 17th and 18th centuries.

Now the British Government has cabled ratification of the provisional contract between the expedition and the Seychelles Government, which provides for the Government to give police protection, medical services, and an observer to list the treasure if found.

This observer will be former Somerset and Cambridge University cricketer, Malcolm Douglas Lyon, now 51, who is Chief Justice of the Seychelles.

SO FAR NO SUCCESS

The prospectors have so far failed to find the secret tunnels to the six caverns in which the pirates hid their gold and precious gems, but are confident they have pierced the ceiling of one cavern.

But enlarging the hole enough for a man to get in will take time because the rock is flint hard.

The apparent remains of Slaves and captives employed in storing the treasure and then killed by the pirates have been found, and also pottery said to be 250 years old, ship's nails, and the hammer of an ancient gun.

Discovery of a coral "table" six by eight feet lightly covered with earth confirms the chart's measurements and position for the treasure cave.

Escaping gas, which stopped for several days, began again on Saturday. Fear of the gas caused a strike among the 20 labourers employed in treasure-hunting.

Smuts On S. African Gold Muddle

PRETORIA, Sept. 18, (PTI-Reuter): General Smuts, South African opposition leader, said here last night that the price of gold should be increased.

But he did not agree that the Union should settle gold on the free market as proposed by the Government to the International Monetary Fund in Washington this week.

That, the ex-Premier told a rally of his United Party, would not be in the interests of South Africa.

General Smuts said he was astonished to read the Government had an overdraft with the South African Reserve Bank of more than 50,000,000 sterling.

"When we left office over a year ago", he added, "the Government did not owe the Reserve Bank anything.

"A most alarming state of affairs had developed.

"If there is a change of Government tomorrow there will be a return of confidence and capital to South Africa."

STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Airmail)

Following is the statement of affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan for the week ending September 9, 1949:—

BANKING DEPT.

Liabilities:	Rs.
Capital paid up	3,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	3,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
Central Government	60,38,34,000
Province Govts.	8,97,63,000
Banks	14,91,62,000
Others	5,00,60,000
Bills Payable	1,60,000
Total Liabilities	97,14,57,000

Assets:	Rs.
Notes	2,19,71,000
Rupee Coin:—	
Pakistan	7,000
India	
Subsidiary Coin:—	
Pakistan	
India	1,48,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	
(b) External	
(c) Govt. Treasury Bills	10,48,40,000
Balances held outside Pakistan	72,01,06,000
Includes Cash, Short Term Sterling Securities and Balances with the Reserve Bank of India.	
Loans and Advances to Govts.	
Others Loans and Advances	
Investments	11,57,87,000
Other Assets	85,98,000
Total Assets	97,14,57,000

ISSUE DEPT.

Liabilities:	
Notes held in the Banking Department	21,19,71,000
Notes in circulation	168,34,86,000
Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation: 96.09 per cent.	
Total Liabilities	170,54,57,000

Assets.	Rs.
I. A. Gold Coin and Bullion	4,20,71,000
Sterling Securities	79,24,47,000
Government of India Securities	31,63,58,000
India notes representing assets receivable	
Bank of India from the Reserve	43,18,61,000
B. Rupee Coin	5,60,87,000
Government of Pakistan Securities	76,33,000
II. Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan:—	
Gold Coin and Bullion	19,02,000
Sterling Securities	3,87,77,000
Government of India Securities	153,71,000
Rupee Coin	29,50,000
Total Assets	170,54,57,000

FOOD GRAINS RULE EASY IN HAPUR MARKET

Poor Demand For Oil Seeds

(From Our Own Correspondent)

HAPUR, Sept. 15.

BULLION

Gold market remained dull and lifeless. Even sharp advance in gold prices failed to react bullishly. Silver advanced sharply in sympathy with higher Bombay advices where bulls are again reported to be consolidating their positions and the upcountry demand has been brisk. Silver is presently quoted here at 153.10 and gold at 107.8 against 151 and 107 respectively last week end.

BARDANA

The market improved this week on higher Calcutta advices and good speculative coverings. Asuh is presently quoted at 107-8 and Sept. at 125, March for DW is quoted at 122.

OILSEEDS AND OILS

Market for sarson and the oilcake remained very dull due to very poor buying demand. Oil prices remained unchanged. While there has been some advance in groundnut prices. Millers are confident of liquidating their stocks of mustard oil at fancy prices due to sustained demand from the Calcutta side. The latest quotations are: sarson 32, taraseed 27 to 25, groundnut 22, mustardoil 95, linseedoil 59 and oilcake 10-4.

GUR AND SUGAR

The ready gur market remained steady here as also in other U.P. and the E. Punjab centres. There has been sustained demand from deficit areas, falling stocks and good despatches. Ready prices ranged between 19 and 23 per maund. The standing cane crop is progressing satisfactorily except at some places where rains are badly needed.

In the forward gur section prices improved here on continued dry weather and good speculative coverings. Prices also improved at Muzaffarnagar and the East Punjab markets. Pagan is quoted now at 12-1-3 against 12-2-7 touched on Tuesday highest for the week against 11-10-3 closed last weekend. There has been very good speculative activity.

The Sugar market remained very steady. Stocks with the mills have been freezed and those that were in the market have gone under ground. In retail sugar is quoted here at 1 2 per seer while in big cities the price is as high as 1-8 per seer Plans for the retail sale organization are being completed. The sugar Syndicate Board has accused the U P. Government and the Central Government in being instrumental in raising the sugar prices by insisting on the Syndicate to release huge stocks so that what is left now is very insufficient to meet the coming months demand.

FOODGRAINS

Markets remained quiet to bearish. The fact that open markets in rationed foodgrains would be closed from tomorrow on one side induced increased arrivals and on the other hand encouraged indifference on the part of traders to buy for stock. It has been assured that there is no scarcity of food anywhere in the country and that provincial plans for grow more food and reduce consumption are going at ful speed and promised, good success. A nationwide save a meal movement has been started. The latest quotations in the Hapur Market are. wheat 19 to 17, gram 14, barley 13-4, bejhar 11-12, maize and juwar 13, bajra 14, guwar 11-8. Of the pulses urd, motar and arhar have remained dull and depressed while the rest two remained unchanged. The latest quotations are: arhar ready 13-8, Mangsir 13-8, matar ready 14-4 Mangsir 14-8, urd 16, moong 21-8 masoor 13 to 15.

TRADING IN 1949-50 COTTON CROP

Important Notice Issued By E. I. C. A.

The following is the full text of the notice issued by the East India Cotton Association Ltd:—

It is hereby notified that according to the Notification issued by the Textile Commissioner in pursuance of clause 6 of the Cotton Control Order, 1949, published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary dated the 12th September 1949, the following contracts relating to the Indian Cotton of the year 1949-50 or earlier seasons, have been excluded from the operation of clause 4 of the said Order, namely:

(1) ready Contracts.

(2) delivery contracts, and

(3) hedge contracts entered into by members of the East India Cotton Association Ltd. who are entitled to the use of the clearing house of the Association where such contracts are made in accordance with the rules and Bylaws of the Association under the official markets of the Association.

Trading in new crop contracts for the season 1949-50 by members of the East India Cotton Association Limited, who are entitled to the use of the Clearing House, is permitted subject to the By-laws of the East India Cotton Association Limited in terms of the Indian Cotton Contract and also subject to floor and ceiling prices and terms and conditions of trading as per the above mentioned Notification.

Trading in new crop contracts for the season 1949-50 shall be subject to the amendments to the By-laws of the Association notified in the Bombay Government Gazette under Finance Department Notification No 4233|33-D dated 12th September 1949 and also subject to any Bye-laws or By-laws to be enacted as per directions of Government, vesting powers, amongst others, in the Board in certain circumstances—

(i) to call for detailed statements in a prescribed form, in regard to the position, on any one day or from day to day, of the business of members, including that of their clients,

(ii) to call for documents and explanation in verification of such statements, and

(iii) to order the payment of margins on outstanding business.

Government have not accorded sanction to the new By-law 47B proposed to be enacted in order to provide for the closing out of outstanding business in the event of any revision in floor and or ceiling prices fixed by the Government of India or removal of such prices. They have, however pointed out that in their view no specific provision need be made for the type of 'Emergency' envisaged in this By-law inasmuch as a general provision already exists in By-law 52A, under which it would be open to the Board with the approval of Government, to implement that recommendation, should such a contingency arise.

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.

COTTON: Small opening losses were extended by scattered hedge selling against additional heavy spot sales together with commission house liquidation of nearby October delivery prior to the first notice day and selling in anticipation of an increased volume of hedges early next week. Routine scaledown trade support was encountered and the market finished steady. Sales were approximately 47,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York Cotton	New Orleans Cotton
Oct.	29.90	29.88
Dec.	29.74	29.71
Mar.	29.71	29.66
May	29.63	29.56
Middlig Spot	30.90	29 95

New York cotton Oct. Higest 29 96 at 10 hours Lowest 29.90 at 11-30 hrs.

LONDON, Sept. 17.

London stocks, silver gold and produce closed. London exchanges unchanged.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.

Sept.	2.11-1 8 to 2 11-1 8
Dec.	2.14-3 8 to 2.14-1 2
March	2.12-1 2 to 2.12-5 8
May	2.05-5 8 to 2.05-3 4

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.

Grains displayed a steady undertone reflecting covering in September maize and hedge lifting in wheat presumably against sales of cash wheat to the Commodity Credit Corporation and flour the Production and Marketing Administration for export. Later the Agency is credited with buying 110 100-pounds weight hard wheat flour at prices ranging from 4.05 to 4.24 dollars per hundred pounds weight delivered gulf ports.

Hyderabad Defreezes Sugar Stocks

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 18. (UPI): The Hyderabad Government which had frozen sugar stocks in the State in conformity with the national policy, has defrozen the stocks and sugar is once more back in the market.

A press note issued by the Government today announces that sugar will now sell at Re. 1/2 per seer. Further, it assures the public that ample stocks are available in the State.

BOMBAY

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTIFICATION

For

3½ per cent. Rs. 2.50 crores Loans as under:—

(1) The 3½ % Rs. 1.25 crores Loan for financing Capital Works such as Vaitarna-Cum-Tansa Scheme — Water Works, Roads etc.,

(2) The 3½ % of Rs. 1.25 crores Loan for financing Capital Works of the B. E. S. & T Undertaking.

with sinking Fund provisions for repayment at par on 15th September 1979.

Opening on the 19th September 1949 and closing on 24th September 1949 (both days inclusive).

Issue Price Rs. 98-8-0 per cent.

Issued in denominations of Rs. 500/- or multiples of Rs. 500/-. The debentures will bear interest from the 15th September 1949. Subscriptions will be received in cash and cheques.

Applications will be received from 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) on 19th September 1949 to 24th September 1949 (both days inclusive) at the Local Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay and their branches.

For further particulars and forms of application apply to the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay and their branches.

Our Dacca Newsletter:

E. PAKISTAN INTRODUCES FREE TRADE IN FOOD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DACCA, (By Mail).

FOOD and education—two questions of vital importance to every country, is causing concern to East Pakistan. Enquiries show that a very serious food situation is ahead of the country.

The Government of East Bengal appears to have made a radical change in their food policy. They announced the other day repeal of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order thereby establishing complete free trade in foodgrains.

It is no longer necessary for a merchant operating outside the rationed towns to have a licence to deal in foodgrains. There are no restrictions as to the amount of foodgrains he may keep as his stock in trade. The statutory maximum price is there but it has never been enforced for a number of years.

The result therefore, is that there is unlimited trafficking in foodgrains with all the attendant consequences of profiteering, hoarding and speculating. Enquiry in the Ministry of Civil Supplies reveals that prices of foodgrains are not showing any downward tendency as a result of this radical measure and officials seem to be sceptic of its wisdom.

Meanwhile the food plan of the province for the next crop year has been under discussion at Dacca in the food advisory committee and also in Karachi with the Government of Pakistan. While no details are available it seems to have been decided, broadly speaking, to move to the direction of 'liberalising' the food administration.

NO CORDONS

Next year, it has been decided, the province will have no internal cordons and the internal procurement will be done by a scheme of graded levy on the basis of individual holdings of 'Aman' land. Persons holding 10 acres of land will be exempted and the target of procurement is only 150,000 tons.

This would seem to be low for a total production of 7½ millions in terms of rice. It is understood that the idea is that the province has had enough of restrictions and controls and might next year 'experiment' with a small procurement through a light levy and allow the bulk of the paddy crops to have their full weight on the market.

This radical change in the policy of the Government in the middle of the year has hardly been a wise one; but the ultimate decision has been made by the Muslim League Parliamentary Party and there is always a danger of such parties coming into the picture, overriding the decisions of officials and experts.

LOW STANDARD

Education in Eastern Pakistan seems to have fallen on evil times and the examination results just published indicate a distressing lowering of the standard. Islamisation seems to be the cardinal policy of the powers-that-be in charge of Education; but it is doubtful if this policy is popular even with Muslims of this area.

Unluckily the affairs of the Education Department seem to be controlled by forces that appear to be so outlandish. The latest move has been a conference at Karachi to consider the suitability of introducing 'Arabic scripts' for the teaching of Bengali. This is only creating complications where they do not exist.

Higher Education in Dacca too seems to be in a distressing condition. When the partition of the province came, the better teachers of the University who were largely Hindus left the University like rats leaving a sinking ship and no attempt was made to stop this exodus.

Later on better sense prevailed and the University authorities approached the Government with a request for a larger grant to be able to pay capable teachers adequately. The Vice-Chancellor had been recently in Europe trying to recruit teachers but for lack of funds he was unable to do anything.

The Government however appointed an Enquiry Committee to examine the claim of the University and also some other important questions. The Enquiry Committee have just submitted their report in which among other things they have suggested that additional grant can only be made if the constitution of the Executive Council is changed.

The University has resented this report and is of opinion that the university is an autonomous body and should have as little as possible to do with the Government. The general opinion of the public is that there should be another Enquiry Committee and this time it should be constituted of experts and educationists.

In announcing the idea of industrialisation of the province with blow of trumpets, the East Pakistan Government is guilty only of window dressing. At the very outset it was announced that not only petrol had been found in East Pakistan but also coal etc. and very rosy prospects were held out.

But nothing yet has materialised and there is now a talk of establishing State aided industries and there will be an attempt to establish a Jute mill, a cotton mill and a paper mill. These projects are to be financed partly by Government and partly by the public.

Pakistan Bans U. S. Book

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, Sept. 18.

The Government of Sind has proscribed yet another American book entitled "Living Biographies of Religious Leaders" on the ground that it contains matter which promotes feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes of subjects. The book is written by Henry Thomas and Dana Lee and is published by Garden City Publishing Co., New York.

Naicker Is Left Alone

MADRAS, Sept. 18. (U.P.I.): The split that threatened to occur in the Dravidian Federation some time back consequent on the marriage of the leader of the Federation, Mr. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker, has now actually occurred.

The Working Committee of the Federation, which met here yesterday adopted a no-confidence resolution.

The Committee also resolved to form a new party by name "Dravidian Progressive Federation" with Mr. C. N. Annadurai, a staunch opponent of Mr. Naicker, as General Secretary.

Sterling Area Oil Supply

Increase in the total supply of oil produced in the sterling area is presaged by the announcement that a subsidiary of Standard-Vacuum Oil Company has commenced process operations in their new refinery at Altona, near Melbourne. Australia.

For the present, the new plant will process more than 400,000 barrels of selected crudes a year to nearly five million gallons of high grade Industrial lubricating oils. In addition, the refinery will produce annually 129,000 barrels of Diesel oil, 113,000 barrels of asphalt and a small quantity of petrol.

Crude oil will be received initially from Venezuela and later from the Klamona field in Western New Guinea, which entered the list of petroleum producing areas in the Far East last December, when one of Standard-Vacuum's affiliate companies started large-scale production there.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1685

HEALTH PROBLEMS OF SOUTH-EAST ASIA

W.H.O. Meeting In New Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18. (PTI).

REPRESENTATIVES of several Southeast Asian countries will discuss health problems of their regions at the second meeting of the Regional Committee for South-East Asia of the World Health Organisation which opens here on Monday September 28.

Countries represented at the meeting will be Afghanistan, Burma, Ceylon, India, Thailand, France (French India) and Portugal (Portuguese India).

The meeting will review current W.H.O. activities in the region and plan the implementation in South East Asia of the W.H.O. programme for 1950, within the broad outlines decided upon by the World Health Assembly in Rome last June.

Other items on the agenda include: "technical assistance to Governments in the preparation of essential supplies, improvement of research and strengthening of teaching institutions, establishment of a committee on health education in schools, conditions of service of public health personnel, mutual aid programmes for South-East Asia countries and consideration of reports from member states on nutrition, housing etc.

The Committee will hear progress reports on six disease-control demonstrations at present being carried on in the region by W.H.O. teams, led by international experts.

MALARIA TEAMS

In India, three Malaria teams, using up-to-date techniques of residual insecticide spraying, are operating in areas totalling 250 square miles, in the United Provinces, Jeypore hills in Orissa and Malnad in Mysore A fourth will shortly start work in Wynaad in Madras.

In the malarious regions of Thailand and Afghanistan, two more Malaria demonstration teams are already at work.

A veneral disease team is introucing modern control methods based on intensive pencillin therapy in the Himachal Pradesh where the disease is stated to be a long-standing health problem.

The recommendations of the Regional Committee concerning the 1950 W.H.O. programme in South East Asia will go before the fifth meeting of the W.H.O. Executive Board in Geneva next January.

INDIA'S REPRESENTATIVE.

India will be represented at next week's meeting of the Regional Committee by the Health Minister, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur and the Director-General of Health Services, Dr. K.C.K.E. Raja.

G. I. P. RAILWAY TIMINGS

Revised Tables

The revised time table will come into force from 1-10 1049 the arrivals and departures of our Mail and Express trains at and from V. T. Bombay will be as shown below:—

Trains	Arrivals. H.	M.
Allahabad Express.	4	30
Madras Mail.	6	25
Amritsar Express.	7	40
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur.	9	15
Deccan Queen.	10	35
Madras Express.	13	30
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad.	14	30
Punjab Mail.	15	00
Nagpur Express.	15	20
Poona Express.	19	30
Poona Fast Passenger.	22	35
	Departures. H.	M.
Poona Express.	8	15
Poona Fast Passenger.	12	30
Madras Express.	14	00
Punjab Mail.	15	55
Deccan Queen.	17	00
Poona Mail.	17	15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur.	19	10
Calcutta Mail via Allahabad.	21	00
Nagpur Express.	21	15
Madras Mail.	22	00
Amritsar Express.	22	25
Allahabad Express	23	15

COMMONWEALTH SESSION ENDS

General Accord On Vital Problems

BIGWIN INN (Ontario), Sept. 18. (PTI-Reuter): General agreement was reached on problems of defence, strategy, trade and currencies at the fourth session of the unofficial Commonwealth Relations Conference which ended here last night.

The session which lasted for ten days devoted its attention mainly to the study of Commonwealth problems and agreed that the next Conference should be in one of the southern hemisphere Dominions.

The conference, which was a gathering of business, professional, Labour and Press leaders, most of them named by the institutes of international affairs in their respective countries, took no decisions and made no recommendations.

The Conference was the fourth of its kind. The first was held in Toronto in 1933, the second, in Australia in 1938 and the third, in Britain in 1945.

Discussions were behind closed doors, but spokesman said representatives of the new Dominions, India, Pakistan and Ceylon, made a good impression with their sound and constructive views.

Nehru In Ludhiana

AMBALA, Sept. 18, (PTI): The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, arrived in Ambala from Ludhiana by air at 7-10 p.m. He was accompanied by the East Punjab Premier, Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar.

On arrival at the airfield, the Prime Minister was received by the Governor of East Punjab Sir Chandulal Trivedi, Ministers of East Punjab and several others.

Pakistan Note On Indian Demonetisation Order

KARACHI, Sept. 17, (PTI-Reuter): A press note of the State Bank of Pakistan says: "The Government of India have demonetised Indian one-hundred-rupee notes with imprints of "Karachi" or "Lahore" since September, 12, 1949. It has been decided to continue to purchase these notes at the offices of the State Bank of Pakistan at Dacca, Karachi, Lahore and Peshawar under the District arrangements only up to the September 30, 1949".

Another British Engineer Quits

PAKISTAN'S SHABBY DEAL TO BLAME

KARACHI, Sept. 18: Disgusted with the treatment meted out to non-Muslim and even European officials in Pakistan, one more British Engineer Mr. Stowers recruited specially for the construction of the new Lower Sind Barrage has resigned although his contract would have expired only two years hence.

It will be recalled that with the partition of the country many experienced engineers migrated to India and therefore, the Sind Government recruited some British engineering experts for their scheme of constructing the new Barrage. Hardly had they taken charge than two of the British Engineers resigned and went back to England. Now Mr. Stowers has also joined them.

Although the authorities of Sind and Pakistan seem much perturbed by these resignations, they appear to be determined to carry on the scheme with whatever local talent is available. The plan of the new Barrage prepared by one of the British engineers is at present under the active consideration of the authorities who have sought the aid of Punjab's Chief Engineer in this respect. Most of the machinery needed for this construction has also arrived from foreign countries.

A.I.T.U.C. WORKER ARRESTED

Munshi Akhtar Hussain Ansari, President of the Ferozabad Mazdoor Sabha and a member of the General Council of the All-India Trade Union Congress, was arrested at Ferozabad, 35 miles from Agra.

MANIPURI IN ACTION

A Manipuri dance was staged by S. Nandini and Sreo Shah at the Bharatiya Sanskrit "Kala Darshan" at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan Theatre on Sunday night.

RIFT AMONG EUROPEAN SOCIALIST RANKS

Dr. Lohia's Criticism

BERLIN, Sept. 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Indian Socialist, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, who is on a short visit to Berlin said here today that he regretted that European Socialists had not achieved as much international unity of purpose as the Communists, the religious communities and even the Capitalists.

The other groups had all organised some sort of international forum for the exchange of their ideas, except the Socialists, he said.

Dr. Lohia, gave an example of the disunity of European Socialists the bitter differences between Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, and Dr. Kurt Schumacher, the German Social-Democrat Leader, over the dismantling of German industries.

Dr. Lohia met Dr. Schumacher in Bonn last week and found him "one of the most energetic and capable of European Socialist leaders."

So far, Dr. Lohia has visited Hamburg, Hanover and Bonn. After his stay in Berlin, where he is the official guest of the Social-Democrat-led City Government, he will visit France and perhaps also Britain.

Addressing a meeting of the Berlin Social-Democratic Party in perfect German, Dr. Lohia told that he brought them the best wishes of the Indian Socialist Party and that the Indian Socialists—now in opposition—would do all in their power to prevent the handing over of German factories and industrial equipment to the Indians.

HUNGER-STRIKERS IN CALCUTTA

Four Removed To Hospital

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18. (UPI): Four student hunger-strikers of the Presidency College were removed to the Medical College Hospital today.

It may be recalled that about 150 students of the Presidency College have gone on hunger-strike since Saturday as a protest against the Government's action in closing down the institution.

The students of the College have been on strike since September 10, demanding a non-official enquiry on what they called "police excess" on their fellow students outside the University premises.

MUNICIPAL CLERKS NOT IMPARTIAL?

Congress Inquest On Elections

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following press statement:—

Congress gratefully thanks the municipal voters of Love Grove, Sewri, Lower Parel and Lal Baug Constituencies for the support they gave to the Congress candidates in the recent Municipal by-elections and thereby demonstrating their love and loyalty to the great institution which has always stood by the masses. The results of these by-elections are a great surprise and shock to us. Although we are only sorry for these results we hasten to assure the voters that the fault is not entirely theirs or of the Congress organisation. Several unusual and extraordinary factors have played their part in these by-elections and Congress is trying hard to investigate into these factors and remedy them if possible.

The public will remember that in the last general elections in the two out of these four constituencies, viz. Sewri and Lower Parel, Congress had not obtained even a single seat although both of these are double-seat Constituencies. In the other two Constituencies, Congress had obtained only one seat out of three in Lal Baug and two seats out of four in Love Grove in the last general elections. The four seats for which by-elections were held belonged to Communists.

Serious complaints were made by voters and even by Agents who worked in the polling booths that the Municipal clerks who were employed to conduct these elections were not and could not be expected to be impartial since most of them are members of a union controlled by the Socialist Party and of which a prominent leader of that party is the President. One thing which is expected of an election machinery is that it must be above party politics and its integrity and impartiality must be beyond doubt. A time has come for the citizens to examine whether the machinery which the Municipality employs at present is such a one. We humbly appeal to the Municipal Congress Party and the Municipal Commissioner, in the larger interests of citizens, to forthwith examine this machinery and try to improve it so that its integrity and impartiality are beyond question. In spite of these handicaps, Congress voters and particularly Congress workers have done their best and for that we are grateful to them.

RELIEF TO UNEMPLOYED WORKERS URGED

Government Stand Resented At City Labour Rally

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A resolution protesting against Government's refusal to accept the principle of compensation for involuntary unemployment to industrial workers was passed unanimously at a rally of textile workers held this evening at the Kamgar Maidan under the auspices of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, Bombay Provincial Council.

The resolution pleaded that the I.L.O. Convention, the Bombay Textile Labour Enquiry Committee set up by the Government of Bombay in 1938, and the Government of India had during the war accepted not only the principle, but had also formulated a complete scheme for unemployment benefit. The urgent necessity for such a scheme, the resolution continued, was all the more felt in the absence of social security measures and the present state of economic dislocation in the country. The Government, therefore, should immediately promulgate an ordinance granting interim relief to workers for unemployment.

Miss Maniben Kara who addressed the gathering said that Government was following a policy which affected the workers adversely and favoured the millowners. The Minister for Civil Supplies and Industry, Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, and the Central Government criticised Labour for its policy and advised workers to increase production. Really speaking, Miss Kara concluded, this advice should be directed to the millowners who had it in their power to step up production.

JOSHI'S SUPPORT

Supporting the resolution passed at the meeting, Mr. N. M. Joshi said that because the millowners had acquired huge profits they sat back with the doors of their mills closed. When unemployed Labour appealed to Government for help the patent answer was that Government had not the finances to render any help. This was a wrong excuse. There was a lot of money in the country but it was in the hands of a few capitalists. If Government had no money it should make those who have it share it with those in distress.

Mr. Joshi advised Labour to continue its agitation for higher dearness allowance till its demand was met.

Mr. R. L. Deverall, representative in India of the American Federation of Labour said that the problems which faced Labour in all countries were the same, namely, food, clothing and housing. It was up to the Government of the country to give a helping hand to the workers to secure their requirements.

Mr. Ashoka Mehta congratulated the Socialist candidates who won the Municipal By-elections and said that their victory indicated that the Socialist Party was truly representative of the workers.

WE SHALL HELP RUN THE MILLS

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Working Committee of the Hind Mazdoor Sangh which commenced a two-day session today accepted the challenge of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerji, Minister for Supply and Industry, Government of India, to take over the responsibility of running a textile mill.

After carefully considering the proposal made by the Minister in a challenging statement to the labour leaders at Calcutta recently, the Committee stated that if an economic unit with necessary financial resources was available, the Hind Mazdoor Sangh was willing to shoulder, on behalf of organised labour the responsibility of running it in a manner satisfactory both to labour and the consumer.

The Committee hoped that the Minister would follow up his suggestion and make early arrangements for the running of a textile mill.

After hearing the report made by Mr. Rohit Dave and Mr. G. G. Mehta, who attended the Preparatory Conference of the Trade Union International at Geneva on behalf of the Socialist Party, on the formation of a new labour international, the Committee resolved to attend its forthcoming conference at London in November.

The meeting was attended by Mr. Jayaprakash Naravan, Mr. Asoka Mehta, Miss Maniben Kara, Mr. Peter Alvares, Mr. V. B. Karnik, Mr. T. S. Ramnujan, Mr. K. K. Khadilkar, Mr. G. G. Mehta and Mr. A. M. Williams, Mr. N. M. Joshi and Mr. Rohit Dave attended the meeting by special invitation.

The Working Committee will meet tomorrow to discuss the situation arising out of the closure of factories and textile mills.

SATYAGRAHA IN CHANDERNAGORE

CHANDERNAGORE, Sept. 18, (U.N.I.):— A decision to launch individual Satyagraha if Chandernagore was not merged with Indian Union by October 31 this year, was taken at a public meeting held here today. An Action Committee was formed to make preparations for this movement.

The present Executive Council was asked to be ready to resign if Chandernagore merger with India was not effected by October 31.

RAJASTHAN CHIEF JUSTICE SWORN IN

H.H. the Rajpramukh of Rajasthan, the Maharaja of Jaipur, administering the oath of office to the Chief Justice Shri Kamlakanta Verma at the inauguration of Rajasthan High Court at Jodhpur on August 29.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

REGARDING mistaken identity at social functions, a correspondent has been provoked (?) to make the following contribution, unsolicited, and, though it stretches my credulity beyond the sticking point, I give it here.

"Whatever experience others might have had, mine, I must insist, holds the record. The other day, I was invited to a social function at one of our city clubs. It was before the rummy order but on a dry day which makes it all the curiouser. It was a small crowd that had collected—it is hardly necessary to say this when 24 is the limit but it was much below that lawful number. Anyway, we are not concerned with the others, only the host, a climbing businessman, and three of the guests matter.

"The host was doing his bit very well. In introducing the different guests, he showed great energy and initiative. It was obvious that he had not met most of them before. One of the guests was going abroad. I rather think he was the guest of honour but it did not seem to matter. A sub-guest of honour was present with his wife. For convenience, we shall call the guest of honour Mr. Roshanlal and the sub-guest, Mr. Kishenchand.

"The host had just settled down to a pleasant evening, obviously happy at having got over the introductions. Suddenly he sat up with a start. Something had been missed and he had found it out—thank God in time. Turning to the man next to him, he said, "I am sorry, Mr. Kishenchand, but I forgot to introduce you to Mrs. Roshanlal." And he set about straight away. I was amused to see the dismay on the face of the man who stammered, blushed a dark brown and said, "But that is MY wife." He was not Roshanlal but Kishenchand. I need hardly say that, though the incident is true, the names are imaginary and any resemblance to living persons is purely coincidental."

Brother, you need not say it at all. I believe this part of the story all right. And certainly this is a record which, I hope, will stay unmatched for years to come. But Mr. Kishenchand I must say, behaved rather churlishly. He should have smiled and said to the lady, "Pleased to meet you, Mrs. Roshanlal. I hope your husband treats you properly." This would have put everyone at their ease.

MOMINS' PLEDGE TO INDIA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18 (UPI): A new organisation styled as "Bharat Momin Panchayat" was formed at a meeting of Momin workers of West Bengal today. Mr. M. Z. Ansari, President of the new party, which pledged itself to the principles advocated by Mahatma Gandhi, decided to work in conformity with the mission of his life.

The meeting welcomed the statement of the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, at Ferozepur on Kashmir controversy, and assured the Government of India that "the Momin Muslims are ready to make every sacrifice to keep the forces of Pakistan away from Kashmir, which forms an integral part of the Indian Union."

The meeting adopted a resolution characterising as "false and mischivous" the move of Mr. Inayutullah, also Allama Mashriqi, the Kashmir leader in Pakistan "to shed crocodile tears for the Indian Muslim."

DIFFERENCES IN EAST PUNJAB

Pandit Nehru's Warning

LUDHIANA, Sept. 18 (UPI): Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister, today regretted that Hindu-Sikh differences were being created in the East Punjab. Such things, he said, were sure to lead the province to destruction.

The Prime Minister asked Congressmen to remain above party squabbles and devote themselves to constructive work and service to the people.

Congressmen, he said, should not interfere with the day to day administration of the province; but if they had any grievances they should refer them to the Congress High Command.

He appealed to Congressmen to unite themselves. Unity, he said, was lacking very much in East Punjab. If they did not rise to the occasion, Congress prestige in the province would suffer greatly.

Trade Union Congress Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The General Council of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress met on September 18, at 2 o'clock and elected Com. Vaman Bapat as General Secretary and Com. Mahimkar as Assistant Secretary in place of Com. Zulmiram Chowdhery and Com. Amrit Shah respectively.

It was decided to form a Provincial Committee of the Class Struggle Political Workers' Relief Fund with Sardar Prithvi Singh as chairman and decided to observe November 3, as Class Struggle Political Workers' Relief Day all over the Province.

Co-ops Can Help Food Drive

R. K. PATIL'S ADVICE

POONA, Sept. 18 (PTI)—Mr. R. K. Patil, Commissioner for Food Production in India, addressing the Bombay Co-operative Council today indicated the lines on which the co-operative movement could help in the food drive launched in the country.

He said that co-operators should encourage efforts at co-operative farming for in a country where individual holdings were small this type of farming had a great role to play. Another important function of co-operative societies should be to assist the cultivators in getting the necessary credit. In these days when capital was shy and even Government found it difficult to raise loans, the cultivators would be able to do very little without the necessary finance.

MUTT AND JEFF Maybe Jeff Had It Coming To Him — By BUD FISHER.

WELL, KID, I DID IT! I MADE A SCREEN TEST AT THE STUDIO AND BOY, DID I ACT!
YOU DID?
YESSIREE! I PUT EVERYTHING I HAD INTO IT! THEY ASKED ME TO LAUGH!
AND BOY, DID I LAUGH! I HAD EVERYBODY IN THE STUDIO LAUGHING HA HA HO!
I'LL BET YOU DID!
THEN THEY ASKED ME TO CRY AND BEFORE I KNEW IT I FOUND MYSELF REALLY CRYING! BOO HOO HOO HOO HOO! SNIFF
LET'S SEE YA ACT THE PART OF A DYING FISH!
?
Wm Fisher

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.